# **NEW YORK STATE**

**MEDICAID PROGRAM** 

LABORATORY

PROCEDURE CODES

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# **GENERAL INFORMATION AND RULES**

- 1. The fees in the Laboratory Fee Schedule apply to clinical laboratory tests selected from Physician's Current Procedural Terminology (CPT), Professional Edition, 2016 or the Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS), Professional Edition, 2016. Reimbursement is limited to indicated uses of procedures that are FDA approved for in vitro diagnostic use or, are recognized as generally acceptable by the New York State Department of Health. NYS Medicaid Updates for the most current coverage policies can be accessed at the following link: <a href="http://www.health.ny.gov/health\_care/medicaid/program/update/main.htm">http://www.health.ny.gov/health\_care/medicaid/program/update/main.htm</a>
- 2. The fees include the services of all licensed professionals required by certification in the performance of the test.
- 3. The fees include all costs related to specimen testing, including collection, storage and transport of specimens, in addition to performance and reporting of results. Unreported instrument controls are not separately reimbursable. "By Report" (BR), as indicated in the Fee Schedule, reimbursement requires a statement indicating the need for the service, the type of test performed, test results, the number and source of the specimen(s) and documentation of the laboratory's usual and customary charge to the general public for the service.
- 4. The fees are for **quantitative** analyses, unless otherwise specified. Mathematical calculations (e.g., calculation of A/G ratio, ionized calcium, free thyroxine index (T 7) or osmolality) are not reimbursable.
- 5A. Therapeutic drug monitoring is reimbursable when quantitative determination of blood concentration is clinically relevant as a part of a regimen designed to attain and sustain therapeutic effect by maintenance of blood level within a defined range. The intensity and probability of therapeutic or toxic effect must quantitatively correlate with blood concentration. In addition, one or more of the following criteria must be satisfied:
- (1) there is a narrow range between those concentrations giving the desired response and those producing toxicity, (2) readily assessed alternative endpoints (e.g., prothrombin time for oral anticoagulants) are lacking or (3) there is large inter individual variability in the absorption and disposition of the drug. Therapeutic monitoring is a covered service only when performed on specimens of blood. Use the drug specific codes 80150 through 80203. Code 80299 is to be used only for drugs, which meet the criteria for therapeutic monitoring, outlined above and are not listed by individual code. Codes 80299 is billable "By Report" and the drug(s) must be specified in the procedure description field on the Claim Form. Peak and trough (or predose and postdose) analyses, when clinically indicated (e.g., aminoglycosides), are reimbursable as two procedures.
- 5B. NYS Medicaid drug testing policy consists of a **screen** (presumptive) and **confirm** (quantitative) testing structure. Presumptive drug class screening using CPT codes 80305, 80306 or 80307 is the first step in the process. Only substances that return a positive result on a screen (presumptive) or are inconclusive or inconsistent with clinical presentation are reimbursable for confirmation (quantitative) testing using CPT codes 80320 80377 listed on the fee schedule. **Definitive** or direct confirmation testing using CPT code G0480 is only reimbursable when no screening method is available.

Drug or drug classes being tested must be ordered by the provider and should be considered based on the patient's medical history and/or current clinical presentation. Medical records must support the need for each drug or drug class being tested and be kept on file for a minimum of six years for audit purposes.

#### **Presumptive Drug Class Screening:**

Replacement CPT codes effective January 1, 2017:

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CPT Code	Description
80305	(Drug tests(s), presumptive, any number of drug classes; any
	number of devices or procedures, capable of being read by direct
	optical observation only (eg, utilizing immunoassay [eg, dipsticks,
	cups, cards or cartridges]), includes sample validation when
	performed, per date of service)
80306	(Drug test(s), presumptive, any number of drug classes,
· ·	qualitative, any number of devices or procedures, read by
	instrument assisted direct optical observation (eg,utilizing
	immunoassay [eg, dipsticks, cups, cards or cartridges]), includes
	sample validation when performed, per date of service)
80307	(Drug test(s), presumptive, any number of drug classes, any
	number of devices or procedures by instrument chemistry
	analyzers (eg, utilizing immunoassay [eg, EIA, ELISA, EMIT,
	FPIA, IA, KIMS, RIA]), chromatography (eg, GC, HPLC), and
	mass spectrometry either with or without chromatography, (eg,
	DART, DESI, GC-MS, GC-MS/MS, LC-MS, LC-MS/MS, LDTD,
	MALDI, TOF) includes sample validation when performed, per
	date of service)

#### Table 1:

Testing of the following drug/drug classes are included in screening by NYS Medicaid:

- Alcohol
- Amphetamines
- Barbiturates
- Benzodiazepines
- Buprenorphine
- Cocaine metabolites
- Heroin metabolites
- Methadone
- Methadone metabolites
- Methamphetamine
- Methaqualone
- Methylenedioxymethamphetamine
- Opiates
- Oxycodone
- Phencylicine
- Propoxyphene
- Tetrahyrdrocannabional (THC) metabolites (marijuana)
- Tricyclic Antidepressants.

The fee for codes 80305, 80306 and 80307 covers screening of one specimen for **all drugs** listed in Table 1. These codes should only be billed once irrespective of the number of drug class procedures or results on any date of service.

Screening by a broad-spectrum chromatographic procedure, which detects multiple drug classes, should be billed using code 80307. Each step in the sequential development of a chromatograph is NOT considered a separate procedure. Only when an analytical condition, e.g., column temperature or flow rate, is changed such that additional controls must be run, is subsequent analysis of the same specimen for additional drug(s) considered a separate procedure for billing purposes.

Screening for drugs using immunoassay or enzyme assay using multichannel chemistry analyzers should be billed using code 80307. Use 80307 once to report single or multiple procedures performed, irrespective of the number of procedures, classes, or results on any date of service.

### **Confirmatory Drug Testing:**

Billing for confirmatory testing using CPT Codes 80320 through 80377 is allowable when the code is listed on the fee schedule and one or more of the following conditions are met:

- a presumptive positive drug screen is found using codes 80305, 80306, 80307 or
- a screen result is inconclusive or inconsistent with clinical presentation

For confirmation testing, bill the appropriate code related to the drug/drug class. If there is no screening method available for a drug class, refer to Definitive Drug testing guidance.

#### **Definitive Drug Testing:**

Definitive Testing (G0480) may be billed for testing of drugs or drug classes when there is no screening method available. NYS Medicaid covers definitive drug testing using this code for up to 7 drug classes. CPT code G0480 is reimbursable once per date of service, up to a maximum of 6 times within 365 days. CPT code G0480 cannot be billed in conjunction with CPT codes 80305, 80306 or 80307 for drug/drug classes included in the screening codes (Table 1).

CPT Code	Description
G0480	
	Drug test(s), definitive, utilizing drug
	identification methods able to identify
	individual drugs and distinguish between
	structural isomers (but not necessarily
	stereoisomers), including, but not limited to
	GC/MS (any type, single or tandem) and
	LC/MS (any type, single or tandem and
	excluding immunoassays (e.g., IA, EIA,
	ELISA, EMIT, FPIA) and enzymatic
	methods (e.g., alcohol dehydrogenase);
	qualitative or quantitative, all sources,
	includes specimen validity testing, per day,
	1-7 drug class(es), including metabolite(s) if
	performed.

- 6A. Certain laboratory procedures are often performed, either manually or on automated equipment, in combination with each other. For purposes of reimbursement, when a code defines a specific combination of procedures performed on a date of service, it is appropriate to utilize that unique code.
- 6B. When procedures for Vitamin B12 (82607) and Folate (82746 or 82747) are performed in combination, the maximum reimbursable fee for code 82746 or 82747 is \$6.25. When a procedure for Ferritin (82728) is performed in combination with Vitamin B12 or Folate, or any of the Organ or Disease Oriented Panels (80048-80076), or any of the individual chemistry analyte codes listed in the fee schedule (see Rule 6A), the maximum reimbursable fee for 82728 is \$5.70.
- 6C. When two or more Hepatitis B tests are performed in combination, reimbursement will be reduced by 50% for each test after the first. See also Rule 16. When Hepatitis A, C or D tests (codes 86692, 86708, 86709, 86803 or 87380) are performed in combination with each other or with any Hepatitis B test, the maximum reimbursable fee per Hepatitis A, C or D test is \$5.00. When multiple procedures for antigen or antibody to two or more infectious agents (codes 86602-86689 and 86698-86703 or 86710-86793) are performed in combination, reimbursement is limited to the greater fee plus 50% of the lesser fee(s). The fee for code 86701 Antibody HIV-1 includes reimbursement for up to three screen assays of a single specimen. Use code 87390 for P24 HIV antigen.
- 7A. For purposes of reimbursement based on the Laboratory Fee Schedule, a complete blood count (CBC) includes a hematocrit, hemoglobin determination, RBC count, RBC indices, WBC count and a platelet count. See code 85027. For a CBC with an automated differential WBC count, use code 85025. **Code 85060 requires interpretation by physician and written report.**
- 7B. Codes for CBC individual components (85013, 85014, 85018, 85048 and 85049) may not be billed in conjunction with procedure codes including a CBC (85025 and 85027). The code for automated differential WBC count (85004) may not be billed in conjunction with codes 85025 and 85027.
- 8. For purposes of reimbursement, codes 86850 and 86905 represent examples of procedures considered to be integral parts of outpatient transfusion and hemodialysis services. No separate reimbursement will be allowed.
- 9. For **pregnancy detection** and where the reported test result is qualitative or semi-quantitative, use code 81025 or 84703. Code 84702 is reimbursable for a quantitative HCG value reported for a diagnostic use (e.g., monitoring post-surgical growth of germ cell neoplasm where quantitative HCG is relative to growth). Code 84702 is not reimbursable for a routine screen for pregnancy.
- 10. Appropriate billing of antibody and antigen procedures is as follows:
  - For antibody or antigen as specific markers of infectious disease, use the most specific code corresponding to the organism name (e.g., 86618 Antibody; Borrelia burgdorferi) or the disease name (e.g., 87340 Hepatitis B surface antigen).
  - For an infectious agent antibody or antigen not listed by name, use the "By Report" code for the type of organism (e.g., 86609 Antibody; bacterium not elsewhere specified or the analytical method, e.g. 87299 Infectious agent antigen detection by immunofluorescent technique; not otherwise specified, each organism). Document the

name of the organism, and, if applicable, the immunoglobulin subclass(es), on the Claim Form (See Rule 3).

- For antibody other than to infectious agent(s) (e.g., autoantibodies) use the most specific code corresponding to the analyte (e.g., 86376 Microsomal antibody (e.g. thyroid or liver-kidney, each)).
- For non-infectious agent antibody or antigen NOT listed by analyte, use the **most** specific code for the method used (e.g., 86255 Fluorescent **noninfectious** agent antibody; screen each antibody); when billing "By Report", the name of the analyte must be documented on the Claim Form (See Rule 3).
- Multiple tests to detect (1) antibodies to organisms/analytes classified more precisely than the specificity allowed by available codes, (2) antibodies in paired specimens (acute vs. convalescent), or (3) antibodies of different immunoglobulin subclasses, are reimbursable as separate procedures; multiple units of a code (e.g., two units of 86658 for Coxsackie A and B species of enterovirus) may be claimed when analyses yield separately reported results for each subclassification, specimen or Ig subclass.
- 11. Organ or Disease Orientated Panel codes. Effective July 1, 2000, the panel codes 80047, 80048, 80051, 80053, 80061, 80069 and 80076 should be used to bill designated combinations of tests regardless of whether the tests are ordered and/or performed individually, as a panel, or as multiple panels at different times. If 2 or more panel codes with overlapping component tests, (i.e., 80047, 80048, 80051, 80053, 80076) are billed, the lab is not entitled to reimbursement for the duplicate tests. If one or more of the codes for chemistry tests where this rule applies are billed in combination with another and/or a panel code, total payment due for those chemistry tests is limited as follows: up to 2=\$5.03, 3-6=\$6.04, 7-9=\$7.25, 10-12=\$9.09, 13-16=\$10.00, 17-18=\$11.00, 19 or more=\$12.00.
- 12. Cytogenetic studies codes 88245, 88267 and 88269 must be billed in combination with code 88280 to report a 2-karyotype chromosome analysis as described in the quality control standards for cytogenetic licensure.
- 13. Reimbursement for immune electrophoresis includes payment for the electrophoretic separation and quantitation. Therefore, no separate reimbursement for code 84165will be allowed when code(s) 86320-86325 are billed.

#### 14.A. Genetic Testing General Guidance

The molecular pathology codes (81400 through 81408, 81479 and 84999) are reimbursable for DNA based genetic testing not specifically listed in the fee schedule. All molecular pathology codes (81200 through 81408 and 81479) may be performed as (1) a family study of up to six individuals to determine the genetic carrier/disease status of an individual patient or a fetus as part of a comprehensive program of genetic counseling and where indicated by familial medical history or adjunctive prenatal testing OR (2) an individual study by diagnostic deletion analysis of a patient affected by a genetic disorder. DNA based testing defined under State licensure as investigational for a certain disease is not reimbursable. Codes 81400through 81408, 81479 and 84999 are not reimbursable for non-genetic applications such as microbial detection or quantification or testing for acquired changes in genetic material (e.g., T or B cell markers, immunoglobulin heavy or light chain

rearrangements associated with malignancy). Reimbursement for these codes should be submitted according to the "By Report" instructions in Rule 3.

#### **B. Genetic Testing Specific Guidance**

Please note: There has been coding changes for some of the genetic testing policies. Periodically check the Medicaid Update Website at the link below for the most recent information. https://www.health.nv.gov/health\_care/medicaid/program/update/main.htm

**Fragile X** - Prenatal carrier testing for fragile X syndrome should be billed using CPT codes 81171, 81172, 81243 and 81244. To verify that a patient meets NYS Medicaid criteria for testing, please visit the August 2014 Medicaid Update at the following link:

http://www.health.ny.gov/health\_care/medicaid/program/update/2014/2014-08.htm

Diagnostic testing of children for fragile X syndrome continues to be covered if medically necessary.

**Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA)** - Prenatal carrier testing for SMA should be billed using CPT codes 81329 and 81336. To verify that a patient meets NYS Medicaid criteria for testing, please visit the September 2014 Medicaid Update at the following link:

http://www.health.ny.gov/health\_care/medicaid/program/update/2014/2014-09.htm

Carrier screening for SMA of the male partner of a pregnancy will be covered if the pregnant female is found to be a carrier. Diagnostic testing of individuals for SMA continues to be covered if medically necessary.

Trisomy Screening - Non-invasive prenatal screening for trisomy 13, 18 and 21 using cell-free fetal DNA for high-risk singleton pregnancies should be billed using CPT code 81507 or 81420. To verify that a patient meets NYS Medicaid criteria for testing, please visit the October 2014 Medicaid Update at the following link: <a href="http://www.health.ny.gov/health\_care/medicaid/program/update/2014/2014-10.htm">http://www.health.ny.gov/health\_care/medicaid/program/update/2014/2014-10.htm</a>

Diagnostic testing (e.g., cytogenetic analysis or molecular genetic testing) for suspected aneuploidies continues to be covered if medically necessary. Micro-deletion testing in conjunction with noninvasive trisomy testing is not reimbursable.

BRCA - Testing for mutations in the BRCA1 and BRCA2 genes of individuals at high risk for hereditary breast and ovarian cancer (HBOC) should be billed using the appropriate code(s): 81162, 81163, 81164, 81165, 81166, 81167, 81212, 81215, 81216, or 81217 if the patient meets NYS Medicaid criteria. Please view the current guidelines which were published in the October 2015 Medicaid Update at the following link:

http://www.health.ny.gov/health\_care/medicaid/program/update/2015/2015-10.htm

BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation testing in conjunction with BRCA Large Rearrangement Test (BART) must be billed using CPT code 81162 effective 4/01/2016.

BRCA Large Rearrangement Test (BART) – BART tests for large rearrangement mutations in BRCA genes. If a Medicaid enrollee previously had testing for BRCA1 and BRCA2 genes with negative test results, and Bart testing was not performed, the enrollee may have BART only testing (represented by CPT 81164). The addition of BART testing must be considered medically necessary.

For a Medicaid enrollee where BRCA1 and BRCA2 testing is being ordered for the first time, BART is performed as a reflex test if the BRCA1 and BRCA2 test results are negative. When performing tests for BRCA1 and BRCA2 plus BART, CPT Code 81162 must be billed.

Oncotype DX® and EndoPredict® for Breast Cancer - Oncology (breast), mRNA, gene expression profile testing to aid practitioners in determining the appropriate use of chemotherapy should be billed using CPT code 81519 for Oncotype DX® or CPT code 81599 for EndoPredict®. Only one prognostic breast cancer assay is reimbursable per histologically distinct tumor. To verify that a patient meets NYS Medicaid criteria for testing, please visit the January 2015 Medicaid Update at the following link: <a href="http://www.health.ny.gov/health\_care/medicaid/program/update/2015/2015-01.htm">http://www.health.ny.gov/health\_care/medicaid/program/update/2015/2015-01.htm</a>

Lynch Syndrome - Testing for mutations in MLH1 and MSH2 genes of individuals at high risk for Lynch Syndrome and meeting NYS Medicaid criteria should be billed using the following codes: 81292 and 81295. Known mutation or reflex testing may be reimbursable using one the following codes: 81294, 81297, 81298, 81300, 81317 and 81319. Testing guidelines and criteria for Lynch Syndrome testing can be found in the October 2015 Medicaid Update at the following link: <a href="http://www.health.ny.gov/health\_care/medicaid/program/update/2015/2015-10.htm">http://www.health.ny.gov/health\_care/medicaid/program/update/2015/2015-10.htm</a>

15. Code 82105, 82106, 82378, 83950, 83951, 84066, 84153, 84154, 84702 or 86316 is reimbursable for an **oncofetal antigen** (tumor marker) procedure used as an adjunctive test with other accepted tests in monitoring for tumor growth recurrence in a patient who has had a tumor irradiated or surgically removed. Codes 82105 and 82106 are also reimbursable for alpha-fetoprotein testing used for prenatal (nondiagnostic) gestational age dependent screening for neural tube defects. Code 86316 for immunoassay for a tumor antigen not elsewhere specified, e.g., CA 50, is billable "By Report". When a procedure for (CEA) carcinoembryonic antigen (82378) is performed in combination with Comprehensive Metabolic Panel (code 80053) the maximum reimbursable fee for code 82378 is \$8.00. A test for an oncofetal antigen (tumor marker) is reimbursable for diagnostic purposes only when used in accordance with the FDA approval criteria for its use. When 84153 and 84152 or 84154 are billed in combination, the maximum fee for 84152 or 84154 is \$21.35.

16. Claims for reimbursement for procedures generally considered to be follow-up testing must be supported by reporting a specific (presumptive) diagnosis which considers the results of the initial test(s) as well as the patient's history, symptoms, etc. The ordering practitioner must supply such diagnosis, or reason for the patient encounter, to the laboratory. For example:

- Code 82172 is reimbursable when performed for diagnostic purposes for a patient with
  documented elevated total cholesterol (>240 mg/dl) and an abnormally low HDL cholesterol
  level (< 35 mg/dl) and/or documented family history of coronary artery disease (CAD). A test
  for apolipoprotein(s) is not reimbursable when used as a screening procedure for CAD risk
  assessment.</li>
- Thyroid function tests other than "screen" tests for clinically suspected thyroid dysfunctions are reimbursable only when indicated for differential diagnosis, to resolve disagreement with documented clinical impressions, to resolve equivocal

results or to monitor therapeutic regimens of diagnosed thyroid-dysfunctional patients. For purposes of this rule, a "screen" test is either total thyroxine (84436) or free thyroxine index (84436 + 84479) or sensitive-TSH (84443).

- Serologic markers that are clinically indicated for staging, management or prognosis of viral hepatitis B are reimbursable only when it is determined by initial diagnostic testing that the patient has type B hepatitis.
- 17. The fee for presumptive identification of microbial culture isolates includes reimbursement for all procedures used to presumptively identify the organism, including stains. When definitive identification is medically necessary and additional methods are used for definitive identification, (e.g., molecular methods) use code 87076 or 87077, as applicable, in addition to the appropriate code for isolation (87040 87075).
- 18. Lymphocyte evaluation by immunophenotyping is reimbursable for analysis of lymphocyte subpopulations for monitoring of disease activity and therapeutic response in, for example, immunodeficiency or autoimmune disease, or cancer. Only those antibodies or "markers" FDA approved or cleared and/or approved by the Department are reimbursable as follows:
  - Bill 1 unit of code 86360 when the lab performs an "abbreviated lymphocyte" analysis panel\* by 2 color flow cytometric analysis or any acceptable tube combination out of the possible four analysis tubes by 3 or 4-color flow cytometric analysis, and reports absolute CD4 counts with CD8 counts;
  - Bill 2 units of code 86360 when the lab performs a "full lymphocyte" analysis panel\* by 2, 3 or 4 color flow cytometric analysis and reports absolute CD4 counts with CD8 counts. Codes 86355, 86357, 86359, 88184, 88185 and 88187 through 88189 are not reimbursable for a 'full lymphocyte' analysis panel when only performing absolute CD4 counts with CD8 counts;
  - Bill 1 unit of code 86361 when the lab performs lymphocyte subpopulation counts by a method other than flow cytometry or microscopy, and reports only absolute CD4 counts with or without CD8 counts;
  - Bill 1 unit of one or more of the codes 86355, 86357, 86359, 86367, 88184 and whenever appropriate, 1 or more units of 88185, when the lab performs flow cytometric testing using multiple markers (e.g. lymphoma/leukemia testing). When CD4/CD8 analysis is included, 1 unit of 86360 should be billed in addition, and when CD4 analysis is included (without CD8), bill 1 unit of 86361 in addition. Codes 86360 and 86361 may not be billed for the same date of service. 88184 and 88185 should be used for unlisted markers, including markers used to draw gates, set cursors and monitor variability. Bill 1 unit of the appropriate interpretation code (88187 through 88189) based on the total number of markers performed;
  - Bill code 88346 or 88350 when the lab performs microscopic or other non-flow cytometric subset analysis using tagged antibody (ies); bill 1 unit of code 88346 or 88350 per marker.

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Abbreviated lymphocyte" and "full lymphocyte" panels are as defined by the New York State Cellular Immunology Proficiency Testing Program.

- 19. Code **86341 Islet cell antibody** is reimbursable when used to differentiate type I from type II diabetes in patients with equivocal clinical presentation. It is not reimbursable when used as a predicator of disease, e.g., in first-degree relatives of persons with diabetes mellitus. **Laboratory Procedure Codes**
- 20. Code **87536 HIV-1 quantitation** is reimbursable when used in patient management to predict clinical outcomes, to predict risk of disease progression, and/or to provide information for a decision to initiate antiretroviral drug therapy or to change treatment regimes. This test is allowed as clinically indicated up to a maximum of six per year.
- 21. HIV genotypic/phenotypic drug resistance testing and phenotypic prediction using genotypic comparison to known databases is a covered service when clinically indicated. Medicaid will reimburse each test (87900, 87901, 87903, 87904, 87906) up to a maximum of three times in a 365-day period across all providers. NYS Medicaid will reimburse for any combination of 87901 and 87903 up to a maximum of four times in a 365-day period across all providers. Code 87903 reimburses \$675.29 for resistance determinations of up to 10 antiviral drugs. Code 87904 should be billed in addition to 87903 to claim reimbursement for additional drug resistance determinations, using one unit **for each (1) additional drug.**

When codes 87901, 87903 and 87906 are billed in combination with the same date of service, the maximum reimbursable fee for any combination of 87901, 87903 and 87906 is \$100 less than the additive maximum fees for the codes.

- 22. For instrumented screening of PAP smears (codes 88174 and 88175), the following definitions apply:
  - For code 88174, "screening by automated system" means primary examination by a slide profiling system without human review and primary examination by human review of all fields of vision selected by a locations-guidance system, with or without quality assurance manual or automated re-screening.
  - For code 88175, "screening by automated systems and manual rescreening" means primary
    examination by human review of all or some fields of vision selected by a location guidance
    system, and, in addition, full slide review (e.g., AutoScan mode engaged), with or without
    quality assurance manual or automated rescreening.
- 23. Effective September 1, 2004, travel expenses associated with in-home phlebotomy services, i.e., blood draws, are reimbursable using code P9604. The recipient must be eligible for in-home phlebotomy as documented by a qualified ordering practitioner and defined below.

#### A recipient is eligible for in-home phlebotomy if:

- The recipient is homebound, which means he or she has a condition due to illness or injury
  that precludes access to routine medical services outside of his/her residence without special
  arrangements for transportation, i.e., ambulance, ambulette, and taxi with assistance in areas
  where public transportation is unavailable; or has a condition that makes leaving the residence
  medically contraindicated; and,
- The recipient is participating in a Medicaid-covered home care program or is currently receiving a Medicaid-covered home care service, i.e., personal care services, certified home

health agency (CHHA) services, consumer-directed personal assistance services, or the Long Term Home Health Care Program (LTHHCP).

#### Travel expenses are NOT a covered service if they are solely to:

- Draw blood from patients in a skilled nursing facility;
- Draw blood from a recipient who receives medical services in his or her residence from a professional whose scope of practice authorizes the drawing of blood; or,
- Pick-up and transport a specimen collected by a home health care provider or anyone other than a laboratory representative.

The laboratory is entitled to only one fee for one-way or round-trip travel to a single address, regardless of the number of specimens collected or the number of recipients drawn at that location. There is a limit of 12 claims per recipient per year for in-home phlebotomy service; this allows for 12 round-trips or 12 one-way trips, or any combination of no more than 12 round or one-way trips. The number of specimens collected per trip must be documented.

To calculate the appropriate reimbursement amount for claiming travel to and from in-home phlebotomy services, multiply the number of trips or stops (including the return trip to the laboratory) by the fee and divide this amount by the number of patients seen. The laboratory will pro-rate when the claim is submitted based on the number of patients seen on that trip. The "same address" is defined as a building or complex with the same entrance and egress off of a public road, such as an apartment complex.

#### Rules for billing, including pro-rating for multiple recipients:

- 1. One recipient at one site: A laboratory representative travels from the laboratory to the home of one recipient and returns to the laboratory without making any other stops. The trip out and back is paid as a round-trip. The laboratory should submit a single line claim for \$18.70 (2 x \$9.35 = \$18.70).
- 2. One recipient at each of multiple sites: A laboratory representative travels in a circuit from the laboratory to the home of each of six recipients and returns to the laboratory. Each segment is paid as a one-way trip at a flat rate of \$9.35. The laboratory is entitled to a total of \$65.45 (7 x \$9.35 = \$65.45) but, since a separate claim must be submitted for each recipient, \$65.45 must be divided by the number of recipients, which is six. Each of the six recipient claims would be submitted for \$10.91.
- 3. Multiple recipients at a single address: A laboratory representative travels from the laboratory to an apartment complex, draws blood from six recipients and returns to the laboratory. The laboratory is entitled to one round trip fee of \$18.70, but, since a separate claim must be submitted for each recipient, the \$18.70 must be divided by the number of recipients, which is six. Each of the six recipients' claims would be submitted for \$3.12.
- **4.** Multiple recipients at one address + one recipient at each of several additional sites: A laboratory representative travels from the laboratory to an apartment complex and draws blood from three recipients; he then continues his circuit to three separate residences, and draws blood from one recipient at each, and returns to the laboratory.

The laboratory should bill as follows:

The laboratory is entitled to \$9.35 for the trip segment from the laboratory to the apartment complex; For each of the three recipients drawn at separate addresses, the laboratory is entitled to \$9.35 trip segment. The laboratory is also entitled to \$9.35 for the return to the laboratory. The total would be four times \$9.35, or \$37.40.

The total number of stops are 5 (one stop from the laboratory to the apartment complex, stops at three recipients' homes and the return trip to the laboratory). The laboratory is entitled to a total of 46.75 (5 x 9.35 = 46.75), but since a separate claim must be submitted for each recipient, 46.75 must be divided by the number of recipients which is six. Each of the six recipient's claims would be submitted for 7.79.

24. The Medicaid definition for "date of service" for laboratory providers is the date of specimen collection. For laboratory tests that use a specimen taken from storage, the date of service is the date the specimen was removed from storage.

#### 25. NCCI Modifiers:

**Note-** NCCI associated modifiers are recognized for NCCI code pairs/related edits. For additional information please refer to the CMS website: <a href="http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalCorrectCodInitEd/">http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalCorrectCodInitEd/</a>

- -59 Distinct procedural service
- -91 Repeat clinical diagnostic laboratory test

#### \*\*\*CODES MAY BE OUT OF NUMERICAL SEQUENCE- SEE CPT CODEBOOK\*\*\*\*\*

## ORGAN OR DISEASE ORIENTED PANELS (see Rule 11)

CODE	DESCRIPTION

80047 Basic metabolic panel (Calcium, ionized)

This panel must include the following:

Calcium, ionized (82330), Carbon dioxide (82374), Chloride (82435), Creatinine (82565), Glucose (82947), Potassium (84132), Sodium (84295), Urea Nitrogen (BUN)

(84520)

80048 Basic metabolic panel (Calcium, total)

This panel must include the following:

Calcium, total (82310), Carbon dioxide (82374), Chloride (82435), Creatinine (82565),

Glucose (82947), Potassium (84132), Sodium (84295), Urea Nitrogen (BUN) (84520)

80051 Electrolyte panel

This panel must include the following:

Carbon dioxide (82374), Chloride (82435), Potassium (84132), Sodium (84295)

80053 Comprehensive metabolic panel

This panel must include the following:

Albumin (82040), Bilirubin, total (82247), Calcium, total (82310), Carbon dioxide (bicarbonate) (82374), Chloride (82435), Creatinine (82565), Glucose (82947), Phosphatase, alkaline (84075), Potassium (84132), Protein, total (84155), Sodium

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	(84295), Transferase, alanine amino (ALT) (SGPT) (84460), Transferase, aspartate
	amino (AST) (SGOT) (84450), Urea Nitrogen (BUN) (84520)
80061	Lipid panel
	This panel must include the following:
	Cholesterol, serum, total (82465), Lipoprotein, direct measurement, high density
	cholesterol (HDL cholesterol) (83718), Triglycerides (84478)
80069	Renal function panel
	This panel must include the following:
	Albumin (82040), Calcium, total (82310), Carbon dioxide (bicarbonate) (82374),
	Chloride (82435), Creatinine (82565), Glucose (82947), Phosphorus, inorganic
	(phosphate) (84100), Potassium (84132), Sodium (84295), Urea nitrogen (BUN)
	(84520)
80076	Hepatic function panel
	This panel must include the following:
	Albumin (82040), Bilirubin, total (82247), Bilirubin, direct (82248), Phosphatase, alkaline

## THERAPEUTIC DRUG ASSAYS

Quantitative therapeutic drug monitoring is reimbursable only when performed on specimens of **blood** as outlined in Rule 5A.

Transferase, aspartate amino (AST) (SGOT) (84450)

(84075), Protein, total (84155), Transferase, alanine amino (ALT) (SGPT) (84460),

CODE	DESCRIPTION
80150	Amikacin
80156	Carbamazepine; total
80157	free
80158	Cyclosporine
80159	Clozapine
80162	Digoxin; total
80163	free
80164	Valproic acid (dipropylacetic acid); total
80165	free
80168	Ethosuximide
80169	Everolimus
80170	Gentamicin
80171	Gabapentin, whole blood, serum, or plasma
80173	Haloperidol
80175	Lamotrigine
80177	Levetiracetam
80178	Lithium

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80180	Mycophenolate (mycophenolic acid)
80183	Oxcarbazepine
80184	Phenobarbital
80185	Phenytoin; total
80186	free
80188	Primidone
80194	Quinidine
80195	Sirolimus
80197	Tacrolimus
80198	Theophylline
80199	Tiagabine
80200	Tobramycin
80202	Vancomycin
80203	Zonisamide
80299	Quantitation of therapeutic drug, not elsewhere specified (see Rule 5A)

# PRESUMPTIVE DRUG CLASS SCREENING

# **DEFINITIVE DRUG TESTING**

<u>CODE</u>	DESCRIPTION
80305	Drug test(s), presumptive, any number of drug classes, any number of devices or
	procedures; capable of being read by direct optical observation only (eg, utilizing
	immunoassay [eg, dipsticks, cups, cards or cartridges]) includes sample validation when
	performed, per date of service
80306	read by instrument assisted direct optical observation (eg, utilizing immunoassay
	[eg, dipsticks, cups, cards or cartridges]), includes sample validation when
	performed, per date of service
80307	by instrument chemistry analyzers (eg, utilizing immunoassay [eg, EIA, ELISA,
	EMIT, FPIA, IA, KIMS, RIA]), chromatography (eg, GC, HPLC), and mass
	spectrometry either with or without chromatography, (eg, DART, DESI, GC MS,
	GC-MS/MS, LC-MS, LC-MS/MS, LDTD, MALDI, TOF) includes sample validation
	when performed, per date of service
80320	Alcohols
80323	Alkaloids, not otherwise specified
80324	Amphetamines; 1 or 2
80325	3 or 4
80326	5 or more
80335	Antidepressants, tricyclic and other cyclicals; 1 or 2
80336	3-5
80337	6 or more

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80345	Barbiturates
80346	Benzodiazepines; 1-12
80347	13 or more
80348	Buprenorphine
80349	Cannabinoids, natural
80350	Cannabinoids, synthetic; 1-3
80351	4-6
80352	7 or more
80353	Cocaine
80356	Heroin metabolite
80358	Methadone
80359	Methylenedioxyamphetamines (MDA, MDEA, MDMA)
80361	Opiates, 1 or more
80362	Opioids and opiate analogs; 1 or 2
80363	3 or 4
80364	5 or more
80365	Oxycodone
80367	Propoxyphen <mark>e</mark>

## **EVOCATIVE/SUPPRESSION TESTING**

The following tests involve the administration of evocative or suppressive agents and the baseline and subsequent measurement of their effects on chemical constituents. The costs of the evocative or suppressive agents are not included in the fee, with the exception of oral glucose for codes 80430 and 82950 – 82953. Reference to a particular analyte in the code description (e.g., cortisol x 2) indicates the minimum number of times that particular analysis must be performed in order to claim reimbursement for the test. When multiple evocative or suppressive tests are performed in combination reimbursement is limited to the greater fee plus 50% of the lesser fee(s).

<u>CODE</u>	DESCRIPTION
80400	ACTH stimulation panel; for adrenal insufficiency (cortisol x 2)
80402	for 21 hydroxylase deficiency (cortisol x 2 and 17 hydroxyprogesterone x 2)
80406	for 3 beta-hydroxydehydrogenase deficiency (cortisol x 2 and 17
	hydroxypregnenolone x 2)
80410	Calcitonin stimulation panel (eg, calcium, pentagastrin) (calcitonin x 3)
80414	Chorionic gonadotropin stimulation panel; testosterone response (testosterone x 2)
80415	estradiol response (estradiol x 2)
80416	Renal vein renin stimulation panel (eg, captopril) (renin x 6)
80420	Dexamethasone suppression panel, 48 hour (free cortisol/urine x 2 and cortisol x 2)
80426	Gonadotropin releasing hormone stimulation panel (follicle stimulating hormone (FSH) x
	4 and luteinizing hormone (LH) x 4)
80428	Growth hormone stimulation panel (eg, arginine infusion, I-dopa administration) (human
	growth hormone (HGH) x 4)

Growth hormone suppression panel (includes glucose) (glucose x 3 and human growth
hormone (HGH) x 4)
Insulin-induced C-peptide suppression panel (insulin x 1 and C-peptide x 5 and glucose
x 5)
Metyrapone panel (cortisol x 2 and 11-deoxycortisol x 2)
Thyrotropin releasing hormone (TRH) stimulation panel; 1 hour (thyroid stimulating
hormone (TSH) x 3)

# **URINALYSIS**

CODE	DESCRIPTION
81000	Urinalysis, by dip stick or tablet reagent for bilirubin, glucose, hemoglobin, ketones,
	leukocytes, nitrite, ph, protein, specific gravity, urobilinogen, any number of these
	constituents; non-automated, with microscopy
81001	automated, with microscopy
81002	non-automated, without microscopy
81003	automated, without microscopy
81007	bacteriuria screen, except by culture or dipstick
81015	microscopic only
81025	Urine pregnancy test, by visual color comparison methods

## **MOLECULAR PATHOLOGY**

<u>CODE</u>	DESCRIPTION
81170	ABL1 (ABL proto-oncogene 1, non-receptor tyrosine kinase) (eg, acquired imatinib
	tyrosine kinase inhibitor resistance), gene analysis, variants in the kinase domain
81171	AFF2 (AF4/FMR2 family member2 [FMR2])( eg. fragile X mental retardation 2 [FRAXE])
	gene analysis; evaluation to detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81172	characterization of alleles (eg, expanded size and methylation status
81201	APC (adenomatous polyposis coli) (eg, familial adenomatosis polyposis [FAP],
	attenuated FAP) gene analysis; full gene sequence
81202	known familial variants
81203	duplication/deletion variants
81204	AR (androgen receptor)( eg, spinal and bulbar muscular atrophy, Kennedy disease, X
	chromosome inactivation) gene analysis; characterization of alleles (eg, expanded size
	or methylation status)
81173	full gene sequence
81174	known familial variant
81200	ASPA (aspartoacylase) (eg, Canavan disease) gene analysis, common variants (eg,
	E285A, Y231X)

	Laboratory Procedure Codes
81177	ATN1 (atrophin 1) (eg, dentatorubral-pallidoluysian atrophy) gene analysis, evaluation
	to detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81178	ATXN1 (ataxin 1) (eg, spinocerebellar ataxia) gene analysis, evaluation to
	detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81179	ATXN2 (ataxin 2) (eg, spinocerebellar ataxia) gene analysis, evaluation to
	detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81180	ATXN3 (ataxin 3) (eg, spinocerebellar ataxia, Machado-Joseph disease) gene analysis,
	evaluation to detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81181	ATXN7 (ataxin 7) (eg, spinocerebellar ataxia) gene analysis, evaluation to
	detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81182	ATXN8OS (ATXN8 opposite strand [non-protein coding]) (eg, spinocerebellar ataxia)
	gene analysis, evaluation to detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81183	ATXN10 (ataxin 10) (eg, spinocerebellar ataxia) gene analysis, evaluation to
	detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81205	BCKDHB (branched-chain keto acid dehydrogenase E1, beta polypeptide) (eg, maple
	syrup <mark>uri</mark> ne di <mark>sea</mark> se) gene an <mark>aly</mark> sis, common variants (eg, R183P, G278S, E422X)
81206	BCR/ABL1 (t(9;22)) (eg, chronic myelogenous leukemia) translocation analysis; major
	breakpoint, q <mark>ua</mark> litative or quantitative
81207	minor breakpoint, qualitative or quantitative
81208	other breakpoint, qualitative or quantitative
81209	BLM (Bloom syndrome, RecQ helicase-like) (eg, Bloom syndrome) gene analysis,
	2281del6ins7 variant
81210	BRAF (B-RAF proto-oncogene, serine/threonine kinase) (eg, colon cancer, melanoma),
	gene analysis, V600 variant(s)
81162	BRCA1 (BRCA1, DNA repair associated), BRCA2 (BRCA2, DNA repair associated) (eg,
	hereditary breast and ovarian cancer) gene analysis; full sequence analysis and full
	duplication/deletion analysis (ie, detection of large gene rearrangements)
81163	full sequence analysis
81164	full duplication/deletion analysis (ie, detection of large gene rearrangements)
81212	185delAG, 5385insC, 6174delT variants
81165	BRCA1 (BRCA1, DNA repair associated) (eg, hereditary breast and ovarian cancer)
	gene analysis; full sequence analysis
81166	full duplication/deletion analysis (ie, detection of large gene rearrangements)
81215	known familial variant
81216	BRCA2 (BRCA2, DNA repair associated) (eg, hereditary breast and ovarian cancer)
	gene analysis; full sequence analysis
81167	full duplication/deletion analysis (ie, detection of large gene rearrangements)
81217	known familial variant
81233	BTK (Bruton's tyrosine kinase)(eg, chronic lymphocytic leukemia) gene analysis,
	common variants (eg, C481S, C481R, C481F)
81184	CACNA1A (calcium voltage-gated channel subunit alpha 1A) (eg, spinocerebellar
	ataxia) gene analysis, evaluation to detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81185	full gene sequence
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	Laboratory i rocedure codes
81186	known familial variant
81218	CEBPA (CCAAT/enhancer binding protein [C/EBP], alpha) (eg. acute myeloid
	leukemia), gene analysis, full gene sequence
81220	CFTR (cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator) (eg, cystic fibrosis) gene
	analysis; common variants (eg, ACMG/ACOG guidelines)
81221	known familial variants
81222	duplication/deletion variants
81223	full gene sequence
81224	intron 8 poly-T analysis (eg, male infertility)
81187	CMBP (CCHC-type zinc finger nucleic acid binding protein)(eg, myotonic dystrophy type
	2) gene analysis, evaluation to detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81188	CSTB (cystatin B)(eg, Unverricht-Lunborg disease) gene analysis, evaluation to detect
	abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81189	f <mark>ull</mark> gene sequence
81190	known familial variant
81226	CYP2D6(cytochrome P450, family2, subfamily D, polypeptide 6) (eg, drug metabolism),
	gene analysi <mark>s, c</mark> ommon varia <mark>nts</mark>
	(eg,*2,*3,*4,* <mark>5,</mark> *6,*9,*10,*17,*19,*29,*35,*41,*1XN,*2XN,*4XN)
81228	Cytogenomic constitutional (genome-wide) microarray analysis; interrogation of
	genomic regions for copy number variants (eg, bacterial artificial chromosome [BAC] or
	oligo-based comparative genomic hybridization [CGH] microarray analysis)
81229	interrogation of genomic regions for copy number and single nucleotide
	polymorphism (SNP) variants for chromosomal abnormalities
81234	DMPK (DM1 protein kinase)(eg, myotonic dystrophy type 1) gene analysis; evaluation
	to detect abnormal (expanded) alleles
81239	characterization of alleles (eg, expanded size)
81232	DPYD (dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase) (eg, 5-fluorouracil/5-FU and capecitabine
	drug metabolism), gene analysis, common variant(s) (eg, *2A, *4, *5, *6)
81235	EGFR (epidermal growth factor receptor) (eg, non-small cell lung cancer) gene analysis,
04000	common variants (eg, exon 19 LREA deletion, L858R, T790M, G719A, G719S, L861Q)
81236	EZH2 (enhancer of zeste 2 polycomb repressive complex 2 subunit) (eg,
	myelodysplastic syndrome, myeloproliferative disease) gene anlaysis, full gene
04007	sequence
81237	EZH2 (enhancer of zeste 2 polycomb repressive complex 2 subunit) (eg, diffuse large
04040	B-cell lymphoma) gene analysis, common variant(s) (eg, codon 646)
81240	F2 (prothrombin, coagulation factor ii) (eg, hereditary hypercoagulability) gene analysis,
04044	20210G>A variant
81241	F5 (coagulation factor V) (eg, hereditary hypercoagulability) gene analysis, Leiden
04000	variant
81238	F9 (coagulation factor IX) eg, hemophilia B), full gene sequence
81242	FANCC (Fanconi anemia, complementation group C) (eg, Fanconi anemia, type C)
	gene analysis, common variant (eg, IVS4+4A>T)

	Laboratory Procedure Codes
81245	FLT3 (fms-related tyrosine kinase 3) (eg, acute myeloid leukemia), gene analysis;
	internal tandem duplication (ITD) variants (ie, exons 14, 15)
81246	tyrosine kinase domain (TKD) variants (eg, D835, I836)
81243	FMR1 (fragile X mental retardation 1) (eg, fragile X mental retardation) gene analysis;
	evaluation to detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81244	characterization of alleles (eg, expanded size and promoter methylation status)
81284	FXN (frataxin)(eg, Friedreuch ataxia) gene analysis; evaluation to detect abnormal
04005	(expanded) alleles
81285	characterization of alleles (eg, expanded size)
81286	full gene sequence
81289	known familial variants
81250	G6PC (glucose-6-phosphatase, catalytic subunit) (eg, Glycogen storage disease, type
04040	1a, von Gierke disease) gene analysis, common variants (eg, R83C, Q347X)
81248	known familial variant(s)
81249	full gene sequence
81251	GBA (glucosidase, beta, acid) (eg, Gaucher disease) gene analysis, common variants (eg, N370S, 84GG, L444P, IVS2+1G>A)
81252	GJB2 (gap junction protein, beta 2, 26kDa; connexin 26) (eg, nonsyndromic hearing
	loss) gene analysis; full gene sequence
81253	known familial variants
81254	GJB6 (gap junction protein, beta 6, 30kDa, connexin 30) (eg, nonsyndromic hearing
	loss) gene analysis, common variants (eg, 309kb [del(GJB6-D13S1830)] and 232kb
	[del(GJB6-D13S1854)])
81257	HBA1/HBA2 (alpha globin 1 and alpha globin 2) (eg, alpha thalassemia, HB bart
01237	hydrops fetalis syndrome, HbH disease), gene analysis; common deletions or variant
	(eg, Southeast Asian, Thai, Filipino, Mediterranean, alpha3.7, alpha4.2, alpha20.5,
	Constant spring)
81258	known familial variant
81259	full gene sequence
81269	duplication/deletion variants
81361	HBB (hemoglobin, subunit beta) (eg, sickle cell anemia, beta thalassemia,
	hemoglobinopathy); common variant(s) (eg, HbS, HbC, HbE)
81362	known familial variant(s)
81363	duplication/deletion variant(s)
81364	full gene sequence
81255	HEXA (hexosaminidase A [alpha polypeptide]) (eg, Tay-Sachs disease) gene analysis,
	common variants (eg, 1278insTATC, 1421+1G>C, G269S)
81271	HTT (huntingtin) (eg, Huntington disease) gene analysis; evaluation to detect abnormal
	(eg, expanded) alleles
81274	characterization of alleles (eg, expanded size)

	Laboratory Procedure Codes
81260	IKBKAP (inhibitor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B-cells, kinase complex-associated protein) (eg, familial dysautonomia) gene analysis, common variants (eg,
04075	2507+6T>C, R696P)
81275	KRAS (Kirsten rat sarcoma viral oncogene homolog) (eg, carcinoma) gene analysis; variants in exon 2 (eg, codons 12 and 13)
81276	additional variant(s) (eg, codon 61, codon 146)
81290	MCOLN1 (mucolipin 1) (eg, Mucolipidosis, type IV) gene analysis, common variants
	(eg, IVS3-2A>G, del6.4kb)
81302	MECP2 (methyl cpg binding protein 2) (eg, rett syndrome) gene analysis; full sequence
	analysis
81303	known familial variant
81304	duplication/deletion variants
81287	MGMT (0-6 methylguanine-DNA methyltransferase) (eg, glioblastoma multiforme)
0.20.	promoter methylation analysis
81301	Microsatellite instability analysis (eg, hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch
	syndrome) of markers for mismatch repair deficiency (eg, BAT25, BAT26), includes
	comparison of neoplastic and normal tissue, if performed
81292	MLH1 (mutL homolog 1, colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 2) (eg, hereditary non-
	polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; full sequence analysis
81293	known familial variants
81294	duplication/deletion variants
81295	MSH2 (mutS homolog 2, colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 1) (eg, hereditary non-
	polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; full sequence analysis
81296	known familial variants
81297	duplication/deletion variants
81298	MSH6 (mutS homolog 6 [E. coli]) (eg, hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch
	syndrome) gene analysis; full sequence analysis
81299	known familial variants
81300	duplication/deletion variants
81305	MYD88 (myeloid differentiation primary response 88) (eg, Waldenstrom's
	macroglobulinemia, lymphoplasmacytic leukemia) gene analysis, pLeu265Pro (L265P)
	variant
81310	NPM1 (nucleophosmin) (eg, acute myeloid leukemia) gene analysis, exon 12 variants
81311	NRAS (neuroblastoma RAS viral [v-ras] oncogene homolog) (eg, colorectal carcinoma),
	gene analysis, variants in exon 2 (eg, codons 12 and 13) and exon 3 (eg, codon 61)
81312	PABPN1 (ply[A] binding protein nuclear 1)(eg, oculopharyngeal muscular dystrophy)
	gene analysis, evaluation to detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81320	PLCG2 (phospholipase C gamma 2)(eg, chronic lymphocytic leukemia) gene analysis,
	common variants (eg, R665W, S707Fm L845F)
81314	PDGFRA (platelet-derived growth factor receptor, alpha polypeptide) (eg,
	gastrointestinal stromal tumor [GIST]), gene analysis, targeted sequence analysis (eg,
	exons 12, 18)
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	Laboratory Procedure Codes
81315	PML/RARalpha, (t(15;17)), (promyelocytic leukemia/retinoic acid receptor alpha) (eg,
	promyelocytic leukemia) translocation analysis; common breakpoints (eg, intron 3 and
	intron 6), qualitative or quantitative
81316	single breakpoint (eg, intron 3, intron 6 or exon 6), qualitative or quantitative
81317	PMS2 (postmeiotic segregation increased 2 [S. cerevisiae]) (eg, hereditary non-
	polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; full sequence analysis
81318	known familial variants
81319	duplication/deletion variants
81343	PPP2R2B (protein phosphatase 2 regulatory subunit Bbeta) (eg, spinocerebellar ataxia)
	gene analysis, evaluation to detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81321	PTEN (phosphatase and tensin homolog) (eg, Cowden syndrome, PTEN hamartoma
	tumor syndrome) gene analysis; full sequence analysis
81322	known familial variant
81323	duplication/deletion variant
81332	SERPINA1 (serpin peptidase inhibitor, clade A, alpha-1 antiproteinase, antitrypsin,
	member 1) (eg, alpha-1-antitrypsin deficiency), gene analysis, common variants (eg, *S
	and *Z)
81329	SMN1 (survival of motor neuron 1, telomeric)(eg, spinal muscular atrophy) gene
	analysis; dosage/deletion analysis (eg, carrier testing), includes SNM2 (survival of
	motor neuron 2, centromeric) analysis, if performed
81336	full gene sequence
81337	known familial sequence variant(s)
81330	SMPD1(sphingomyelin phosphodiesterase 1, acid lysosomal) (eg, Niemann-Pick
	disease, Type A) gene analysis, common variants (eg, R496L, L302P, fsP330)
81331	SNRPN/UBE3A (small nuclear ribonucleoprotein polypeptide N and ubiquitin protein
	ligase E3A) (eg, Prader-Willi syndrome and/or Angelman syndrome), methylation
	analysis
81344	TPA (TATA box binding protein) (eg, spinocerebellar ataxia) gene analysis, evaluation
	to detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81345	TERT (telomerase reverse transcriptase)(eg, thyroid carcinoma, glioblastoma
	multiforme) gene analysis, targeted sequence analysis (eg, promotor region)
81335	TPMT (thiopurine S-methyltransferase) (eg, drug metabolism), gene analysis, common
	variants (eg, *2, *3)
81346	TYMS (thymidylate synthetase) (eg, 5-fluorouracil/5-FU drug metabolism), gene
	analysis, common variant(s) (eg, tandem repeat variant)
81350	UGT1A1 (UDP glucuronosyltransferase 1 family, polypeptide A1) (eg, irinotecan
	metabolism), gene analysis, common variants (eg, *28, *36, *37)
81355	VKORC1 (vitamin k epoxide reductase complex, subunit 1) (eg, warfarin metabolism),
	gene analysis, common variant(s) (eg -1639G>A, c.173+1000C>T)
81400	Molecular pathology procedure, level 1 (eg, identification of single germline variant [eg,
	SNP] by techniques such as restriction enzyme digestion or melt curve analysis)

	Laboratory Procedure Codes
81401	Molecular pathology procedure, Level 2 (eg, 2-10 SNPs, 1 methylated variant, or 1
	somatic variant [typically using nonsequencing target variant analysis], or detection of a
	dynamic mutation disorder/triplet repeat)
81402	Molecular pathology procedure, Level 3 (eg, >10 SNPs, 2-10 methylated variants, or 2-
	10 somatic variants [typically using non-sequencing target variant analysis],
	immunoglobulin and T-cell receptor gene rearrangements, duplication/deletion variants
	1 exon, loss of heterozygosity [LOH], uniparental disomy [UPD])
81403	Molecular pathology procedure, Level 4 (eg, analysis of single exon by DNA sequence
	analysis, analysis of >10 amplicons using multiplex PCR in 2 or more independent
	reactions, mutation scanning or duplication/deletion variants of 2-5 exons)
81404	Molecular pathology procedure, Level 5 (eg, analysis of 2-5 exons by DNA sequence
	analysis, mutation scanning or duplication/deletion variants of 6-10 exons, or
·	characterization of a dynamic mutation disorder/triplet repeat by Southern blot analysis)
81405	Molecular pathology procedure, Level 6 (eg, analysis of 6-10 exons by DNA sequence
	analysis, mutation scanning or duplication/deletion variants of 11-25 exons, regionally
	targeted cytogenomic array analysis)
81406	Molecular pathology procedure, Level 7 (eg, analysis of 11-25 exons by DNA sequence
	analysis, mutation scanning or duplication/deletion variants of 26-50 exons,
	cytogenomic array analysis for neoplasia)
81407	Molecular pathology procedure, Level 8 (eg, analysis of 26-50 exons by DNA sequence
	analysis, mutation scanning or duplication/deletion variants of >50 exons, sequence
	analysis of multiple gen <mark>es o</mark> n one p <mark>latform)</mark>
81408	Molecular pathology procedure, Level 9 (eg, analysis of >50 exons in a single gene by
	DNA sequence analysis)
81479	Unlisted molecular pathology procedure
81413	Cardiac ion channelopathies (eg, Brugada syndrome, long QT syndrome, short QT
	syndrome, catecholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia); genomic sequence
	analysis panel, must include sequencing of at least 10 genes including ANK2, CASQ2,
	CAV3, KCNE1, KCNE2, KCNH2, KCNJ2, KCNQ1, RYR2, and SCN5A
81414	duplication/deletion gene analysis panel, must include analysis of at least 2
	genes, including KCNH2 and KCNQ1
81420	Fetal chromosomal aneuploidy (eg, trisomy21, monosomy X) genomic sequence
	analysis panel, circulating cell-free fetal DNA in maternal blood, must include analysis of
	chromosomes 13,18, and 21

# **MULTIANALYTE ASSAYS WITH ALGORITHMIC ANALYSES**

CODE	DESCRIPTION
81507	Fetal aneuploidy (trisomy 21, 18 and 13) DNA sequence analysis of selected regions
	using maternal plasma, algorithm reported as a risk score for each trisomy
81508	Fetal congenital abnormalities, biochemical assays of two proteins (PAPP-A, hCG [any
	form]), utilizing maternal serum, algorithm reported as a risk score

	Laboratory Procedure Codes
81509	Fetal congenital abnormalities, biochemical assays of three proteins (PAPP-A, hCG
	[any form], DIA), utilizing maternal serum, algorithm reported as a risk score
81510	Fetal congenital abnormalities, biochemical assays of three analytes (AFP, uE3, hCG
	[any form]), utilizing maternal serum, algorithm reported as a risk score
81511	Fetal congenital abnormalities, biochemical assays of four analytes (AFP, uE3, hCG
	[any form], DIA) utilizing maternal serum, algorithm reported as a risk score (may
	include additional results from previous biochemical testing)
81512	Fetal congenital abnormalities, biochemical assays of five analytes (AFP, uE3, total
01312	hCG, hyperglycosylated hCG, DIA) utilizing maternal serum, algorithm reported as a
	risk score
81519	Oncology (breast), mRNA, gene expression profiling by real-time RT-PCR of 21 genes,
01010	utilizing formalin-fixed paraffin embedded tissue, algorithm reported as recurrence score
	Request for testing is appropriate for the following population: female or male patient
	with recently diagnosed breast tumors, where all of the following criteria are met:
	-Tumor is Stage 1 or Stage 2; AND
	-Node-negative (non-metastatic), or micrometastatic disease (<2mm nodal
	involvement); AND
	-Estrogen receptor positive (ER+), alone, or in combination with progesterone receptor
	positive (PR+); AND
	-Human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2) negative; AND
	-Tumor size is equal to or greater than 0.6 cm; AND
	-The tumor is unilateral and non-fixed; AND
	-When the test result will aid the patient and practitioner in making the decision
	regarding chemotherapy (ie: when chemotherapy is a therapeutic option and is
	not precluded due to any other factor).
81528	Oncology (colorectal screening, quantitative real-time target and signal amplification of
	10 DNA markers (KRAS mutations, promoter methylation of NDRG4 and BMP3) and
	fecal hemoglobin, utilizing stool, algorithm reported as a positive or negative result
81538	Oncology (lung), mass spectrometric 8-protein signature, including amyloid A, utilizing
	serum, prognostic and predictive algorithm reported as good versus poor overall
04505	survival
81595	Cardiology (heart transplant), mRNA, gene expression profiling by real-time quantitative
	PCR of 20 genes (11 content and 9 housekeeping), utilizing subfraction of peripheral
04500	blood, algorithm reported as a rejection risk score
81596	Infectious disease, chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection, six biochemical assays
	(ALT, A2-macroglobulin, apolipoprotein A-1, total bilirubin, GGT and haptoglobin)
	utilizing serum, prognostic algorithm reported as scores for fibrosis and
91500	necroinflammatory activity in liver
81599	Unlisted multianalyte assay with algorithmic analysis



CODE	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
82009	Ketone body(s) (eg, acetone, acetoacetic acid, beta-hydroxybutyrate); qualitative
82013	Acetylcholinesterase
82016	Acylcarnitines; qualitative, each specimen
82017	quantitative, each specimen
82024	Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH)
82040	Albumin; serum, plasma or whole blood (see Rule 11)
82043	urine (eg, microalbumin), quantitative (see Rule 11)
82044	urine (eg, microalbumin), semiquantitative (eg, reagent strip assay) (see Rule 11)
82045	ischemia modified
82042	other source, quantitative, each specimen (see Rule 11)
82088	Aldosterone
82103	Alpha-1 <mark>-antitrypsin; total</mark>
82104	phenotype phenot
82105	Alpha- <mark>fet</mark> oprotein (AFP); serum
82106	amnio <mark>tic</mark> fluid
82107	AFP-L3 fraction isoform and total AFP (including ratio)
82108	Aluminum
82120	Amines, vaginal fluid, qualitative
82127	Amino acids; single, qualitative, each specimen (not elsewhere specified)
82128	multiple, qualitative, each specimen (not elsewhere specified)
82131	single, quantitative, each specimen, (not elsewhere specified)
82136	Amino acids, 2 to 5 amino acids, quantitative, each specimen
82139	Amino acids, 6 or more amino acids, quantitative, each specimen
82140	Ammonia (blood)
82143	Amniotic fluid scan (spectrophotometric)
82150	Amylase (see Rule 11)
82154	Androstanediol glucuronide
82157	Androstenedione
82172	Apolipoprotein, each (see Rule 16)
82175	Arsenic
82180	Ascorbic acid (Vitamin C), blood
82232	Beta-2 microglobulin
82239	Bile acids; total
82240	cholylglycine
82247	Bilirubin; total (see Rule 11)
82248	direct (see Rule 11)
82261	Biotinidase, each specimen
82270	Blood, occult, by peroxidase activity (eg, guaiac), qualitative; feces, consecutive
	collected specimens with single determination, for colorectal neoplasm screening (ie,
	patient was provided 3 cards or single triple card for consecutive collection)

	Laboratory Procedure Codes
82274	Blood, occult, by fecal hemoglobin determination by immunoassay, qualitative, feces, 1-
00000	3 simultaneous determinations
82300	Cadmium
82306	Vitamin D; 25 hydroxy, includes fraction(s), if performed
82308	Calcitonin
82310	Calcium; total (see Rule 11)
82330	ionized (see Rule 11)
82340	urine quantitative, timed specimen (see Rule 11)
82355	Calculus; qualitative analysis
82360	quantitative analysis, chemical
82365	infrared spectroscopy
82370	x-ray diffr <mark>ac</mark> tion
82373	Carbohydrate deficient transferrin
82374	Carbon dioxide (bicarbonate) (see Rule 11)
82375	Carboxyhemoglobin; quantitative
82378	Carcin <mark>oe</mark> mbry <mark>oni</mark> c antigen (CEA) (see Rule 15)
82379	Carnitine (tot <mark>al and free), quanti</mark> tative, each specimen
82382	Catecholamines; total urine
82383	blood
82384	fractionated
82390	Ceruloplasmin
82435	Chloride; blood (see Rule 11)
82436	urine (see Rule 11)
82438	other source (see Rule 11)
82465	Cholesterol, serum or whole blood, total (see Rule 11)
82480	Cholinesterase; serum
82495	Chromium
82507	Citrate
82523	Collagen cross links, any method
82525	Copper
82530	Cortisol; free
82533	total
82550	Creatine kinase (CK), (CPK); total (see Rule 11)
82552	isoenzymes
82553	MB fraction only
82565	Creatinine; blood (see Rule 11)
82570	other source (see Rule 11)
82575	clearance (see Rule 11)
82595	Cryoglobulin, qualitative or semi-quantitative (eg, cryocrit)
82607	Cyanocobalamin (Vitamin B 12); (see Rule 6B)
82608	unsaturated binding capacity
82615	Cystine and homocystine, urine, qualitative
82626	Dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA)
	, ,

	Laboratory Procedure Codes
82627	Dehydroepiandrosterone-sulfate (DHEA-S)
82634	Deoxycortisol, 11
82656	Elastase, pancreatic (EL-1), fecal, qualitative or semi-quantitative
82668	Erythropoietin
82670	Estradiol
82672	Estrogens; total
82677	Estriol
82679	Estrone
82705	Fat or lipids, feces; qualitative
82710	quantitative
82726	Very long chain fatty acids
82728	Ferritin
82731	Fetal fibronectin, cervicovaginal secretions, semi-quantitative
82746	Folic ac <mark>id;</mark> serum (see Rule 6B)
82747	RBC (see Rule 6B)
82759	Galact <mark>oki</mark> nase, RBC
82760	Galactose
82775	Galactose-1-phosphate uridyl transferase; quantitative
82784	Gammaglobu <mark>lin (immunoglobulin); Ig</mark> A, IgD, IgG, IgM, each
82785	IgE
82787	immunoglobulin subclasses (eg, IgG1, 2, 3 or 4), each
82803	Gases, blood, any combination of (two or more) pH, pC0 <sub>2</sub> , p0 <sub>2</sub> , C0 <sub>2</sub> , HC03 (including
	calculated 0 <sub>2</sub> saturation);
82805	with 0 <sub>2</sub> saturation, by direct measurement, except pulse oximetry
82810	Gases, blood, O <sub>2</sub> saturation only, by direct measurement, except pulse oximetry
82820	Hemoglobin-oxygen affinity (pO <sub>2</sub> for 50% hemoglobin saturation with oxygen)
82938	Gastrin after secretin stimulation
82941	Gastrin
82943	Glucagon
82945	Glucose, body fluid, other than blood (see Rule 11)
82947	Glucose; quantitative, blood (except reagent strip) (see Rule 11)
82948	blood, reagent strip
82950	post glucose dose (includes glucose)
82951	tolerance test (GTT), 3 specimens (includes glucose)
82952	tolerance test, each additional beyond 3 specimens
	(List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)
	(Use 82952 in conjunction with 82951)
82955	Glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase (G6PD); quantitative
82960	screen
82963	Glucosidase, beta
82965	Glutamate dehydrogenase
82977	Glutamyltransferase, gamma (GGT) (see Rule 11)
82985	Glycated protein

	Laboratory Procedure Codes
83001	Gonadotropin; follicle stimulating hormone (FSH)
83002	luteinizing hormone (LH)
83003	Growth hormone, human (HGH) (somatotropin)
83009	Helicobacter pylori, blood test analysis for urease activity, non-radioactive isotope (eg,
	C-13) (includes kit)
83010	Haptoglobin; quantitative
83013	Helicobacter pylori; breath test analysis for urease activity, non-radioactive isotope
	(includes kit)
83015	Heavy metal (eg, arsenic, barium, beryllium, bismuth, antimony, mercury); qualitative,
	any number of analytes
83020	Hemoglobin fractionation and quantitation; electrophoresis (eg, A2, S, C, and/or F)
83021	chromatography (eg, A2, S, C, and/or F)
83030	Hemoglobin; by copper sulfate method, non- automated; F (fetal), chemical
83036	glycosylated (A1C)
83050	methemoglobin, quantitative
83051	plasma
83080	b-Hexosamin <mark>id</mark> ase, each ass <mark>ay</mark> (Tay Sachs diagnostic/carrier testing)
83090	Homocystein <mark>e</mark>
83150	Homovanillic acid (HVA)
83497	Hydroxyindolacetic acid, 5-(HIAA)
83498	Hydroxyprogesterone, 17-d
83500	Hydroxyproline; free
83505	total
83525	Insulin; total
83527	free
83540	Iron (see Rule 11)
83550	Iron binding capacity (see Rule 11)
83586	Ketosteroids, 17 (17-KS); total
83593	fractionation
83605	Lactate (lactic acid)
83615	Lactate dehydrogenase (LD), (LDH); (see Rule 11)
83625	isoenzymes, separation and quantitation
83630	Lactoferrin, fecal; qualitative
83631	quantitative
83655	Lead
83661	Fetal lung maturity assessment; lecithin sphingomyelin (L/S) ratio
83662	foam stability test
83663	fluorescence polarization
83664	lamellar body density
83690	Lipase
83718	Lipoprotein, direct measurement; high density cholesterol (HDL cholesterol) (see Rule 11)
83727	Luteinizing releasing factor (LRH)
00121	Euronnaning releasing ractor (EIXLI)

	Laboratory Procedure Codes
83735	Magnesium (see Rule 11)
83785	Manganese
83825	Mercury, quantitative
83835	Metanephrines
83864	Mucopolysaccharides, acid, quantitative
83876	Myeloperoxidase (MPO)
83880	Natriuretic peptide
83918	Organic acids; total, quantitative, each specimen
83919	qualitative, each specimen
83921	Organic acid, single, quantitative
83930	Osmolality; blood (see Rule 4)
83935	urine (see Rule 4)
83945	Oxalate
83950	Oncopr <mark>ote</mark> in; HER-2/neu (see Rule 15)
83951	des-gamma-carboxy-prothrombin (DCP)
83970	Parathormone (parathyroid hormone)
83993	Calprotectin, <mark>fe</mark> cal
84030	Phenylalanin <mark>e (</mark> PKU), blood
84060	Phosphatase, acid; total (see Rule 11)
84066	prostatic (see Rule 15)
84075	Phosphatase, alkaline; (see Rule 11)
84078	heat stable (total not included) (see Rule 11)
84080	isoenzymes
84081	Phosphatidylglycerol (separate procedure)
84087	Phosphohexose isomerase
84100	Phosphorus inorganic (phosphate); (see Rule 11)
84105	urine (see Rule 11)
84106	Porphobilinogen, urine; qualitative
84110	quantitative
84112	Evaluation of cervicovaginal fluid for specific amniotic fluid protein(s) (eg, placental
	alpha macroglobulin-1 [PAMG-1], placental protein 12[PP12], alpha-fetoprotein),
	qualitative, each specimen (Only PAMG-1 is a covered service)
84119	Porphyrins, urine; qualitative
84120	quantitation and fractionation
84132	Potassium; serum, plasma or whole blood (see Rule 11)
84133	urine (see Rule 11)
84134	Prealbumin
84140	Pregnenolone
84143	17-hydroxypregnenolone
84144	Progesterone
84146	Prolactin
84152	Prostate specific antigen (PSA); complexed (direct measurement)
84153	total (see Rule 15)
	<b>-</b> • • •

	Laboratory Procedure Codes
84154	free (see Rule 15)
84155	Protein, total, except by refractometry; serum, plasma or whole blood (see Rule 11)
84156	urine (see Rule 11)
84157	other source (eg, synovial fluid, cerebrospinal fluid) (see Rule 11)
84160	Protein, total, by refractometry, any source (see Rule 11)
84163	Pregnancy-associated plasma protein-A (PAPP-A)
84165	Protein; electrophoretic fractionation and quantitation, serum
84166	electrophoretic fractionation and quantitation, other fluids with concentration (eg,
	urine, CSF)
84202	Protoporphyrin, RBC; quantitative
84207	Pyridoxal phosphate (Vitamin B-6)
84220	Pyruvate kinase
84233	Receptor assay; estrogen
84234	progesterone
84275	Sialic a <mark>cid</mark>
84295	Sodium; serum, plasma or whole blood (see Rule 11)
84300	urine (see Rule 11)
84302	other source
84305	Somatomedin
84375	Sugars, chromatographic, TLC or paper chromatography
84376	Sugars (mono-,di-, and oligosaccharides); single qualitative, each specimen
84377	multiple qualitative, each specimen
84378	single quantitative, each specimen
84379	multiple quantitative, each specimen
84402	Testosterone; free
84403	total
84410	bioavailable, direct measurement (eg, differential precipitation)
84425	Thiamine (Vitamin B-1)
84436	Thyroxine; total
84439	free
84442	Thyroxine binding globulin (TBG)
84443	Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH)
84446	Tocopherol alpha (Vitamin E)
84449	Transcortin (cortisol binding globulin)
84450	Transferase; aspartate amino (AST) (SGOT) (see Rule 11)
84460	alanine amino (ALT) (SGPT) (see Rule 11)
84466	Transferrin
84478	Triglycerides (see Rule 11)
84479	Thyroid hormone (T3 or T4) uptake (with or without) thyroid hormone binding ratio (THBR)
84480	Triiodothyronine T3; total (TT-3)
84481	free
84482	reverse
01102	1010.00

	•
84484	Troponin, quantitative
84510	Tyrosine
84512	Troponin, qualitative
84520	Urea nitrogen; quantitative (see Rule 11)
84540	Urea nitrogen, urine (see Rule 11)
84550	Uric acid; blood (see Rule 11)
84560	other source (see Rule 11)
84585	Vanillylmandelic acid (VMA), urine
84588	Vasopressin (antidiuretic hormone, ADH)
84590	Vitamin A
84591	Vitamin, not otherwise specified
84597	Vitamin K
84620	Xylose absorption test, blood and/or urine
84630	Zinc
84681	C-pept <mark>ide</mark>
84702	Gonadotropin, chorionic (hCG); quantitative (see Rules 9 and 15)
84703	qualita <mark>tiv</mark> e (see Rule 9)
84704	free b <mark>eta</mark> chain
84999	Unlisted chemistry/genetic testing procedure (see Rule 3)
	(Reimbursement is limited to the listed analytes for the purpose of providing information
	for diagnosis or monitoring of genetic disease or carrier state. Clinical applications other
	than genetic testing are subject to a coverability determination for unlisted procedures.)

Acetylglucosamidase, Alpha N-Acid Maltase Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase, Medium Chain **Short Chain** Adenosine deaminase Adenylate kinase

Arginosuccinase Arylsulfatase A,B and/or C AŤPase

Citrate Synthase Cytochrome Oxidase Dihydropteridine Reductase

Dystrophin Enolase

Aldolase

Fatty Acids, Long Chain Fucosidase, Alpha and/or Beta **Fumarase** 

Galactocerebrosidase, Beta Galactose -4- Sulfatase Galactose -6- Sulfatase Galactosidase, Alpha and/or Beta

Glucocerebrosidase, Beta Glucuronidase, Beta Glyceraldehyde -3-P-Dehydrogenase

Glycerophosphate Dehydrogenase,

Álpha Hexosaminidase, A Iduronidase, alpha Iduronosulfatase

Mannosidase, Alpha and/or Beta Myoadenylate Deaminase NADH Cytochrome C Reductase NADH Dehydrogenase

Phosphoglycerate Mutase Phosphorylase Phosphorylase B Kinase

Isoenzymes

Neuraminidase

Ornithine Carbamyl

Transferase (OCT)

Phosphofructokinase

Phosphoglucomutase,

Phosphoglycerate Kinase

Nucleoside Phosphorylase

Phytanic acid Pyruvate Decarboxylase Sphingomyelinase Succinate Cytochrome C

Reductase

Succinate Dehydrogenase

Sulfaminidase

Triose phosphate Isomerase

## **HEMATOLOGY and COAGULATION**

<u>CODE</u>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>
85002	Bleeding time

85004 Blood count; automated differential WBC count

blood smear, microscopic examination with manual differential WBC count 85007

(includes RBC morphology and platelet estimation)

	Laboratory Procedure Codes
85013	spun microhematocrit
85014	hematocrit (Hct)
85018	hemoglobin (Hgb)
85025	complete (CBC), automated (Hgb, Hct, RBC, WBC and platelet count), and
	automated differential WBC count
85027	complete (CBC), automated (Hgb, Hct, RBC, WBC and platelet count)
85032	manual cell count (erythrocyte, leukocyte, or platelet) each
85041	red blood cell (RBC), automated
85044	reticulocyte, manual
85045	reticulocyte, automated
85046	reticulocytes, automated, including 1 or more cellular parameters (eg,
	reticulocyte hemoglobin content [CHr], immature reticulocyte fraction [IRF],
•	reticulocyte volume [MRV], RNA content), direct measurement
85048	leukocyte (WBC), automated
85049	platelet, automated
85055	Reticulated platelet assay
85060	Blood smear, peripheral, (including) interpretation by physician with written report
85097	Bone marrow; smear interpretation
85210	Clotting; factor II, prothrombin, specific
85220	factor V (AcG or proaccelerin), labile factor
85230	factor VII (proconvertin, stable factor)
85240	factor VIII (AHG), 1-stage
85244	factor VIII related antigen
85245	factor VIII, VW factor, ristocetin cofactor
85246	factor VIII, VW factor antigen
85247	factor VIII, von Willebrand factor, multimetric analysis
85250	factor IX (PTC or Christmas)
85260	factor X (Stuart-Prower)
85270	factor XI (PTA)
85280	factor XII (Hageman)
85290	factor XIII (fibrin stabilizing)
85291	factor XIII (fibrin stabilizing), screen solubility
85292	prekallikrein assay (Fletcher factor assay)
85293	high molecular weight kininogen assay (Fitzgerald factor assay)
85300	Clotting inhibitors or anticoagulants; antithrombin III, activity
85301	antithrombin III, antigen assay
85302	protein C, antigen
85303	protein C, activity
85305	protein S, total
85306	protein S, free
85307	Activated Protein C (APC) resistance assay
85335	Factor inhibitor test
85337	Thrombomodulin

Laboratory Procedure Codes		
85347	Coagulation time; activated	
85348	other methods	
85360	Euglobulin lysis	
85362	Fibrin(ogen) degradation (split) products (FDP) (FSP); agglutination slide,	
	semiquantitative	
85366	paracoagulation	
85370	quantitative	
85378	Fibrin degradation products, D-dimer; qualitative or semiquantitative	
85379	quantitative	
85380	ultrasensitive (eg, for evaluation for venous thromboembolism), qualitative or	
	semiquantitative	
85384	Fibrinogen; activity	
85385	antigen	
85397	Coagulation and fibrinolysis, functional activity, not otherwise specified (eg, ADAMTS-	
	13), ea <mark>ch</mark> analyte	
85441	Heinz bodies; direct	
85445	induce <mark>d,</mark> acetyl phenyl <mark>hy</mark> drazine	
85460	Hemoglobin or RBCs, fetal, for fetomaternal hemorrhage; differential lysis (Kleihauer-	
	Betke)	
85461	rosette	
85475	Hemolysin, acid	
85520	Heparin assay	
85536	Iron stain, peripheral blood	
85540	Leukocyte alkaline phosphatase with count	
85549	Muramidase	
85555	Osmotic fragility, RBC; unincubated	
85557	incubated	
85576	Platelet; aggregation (in vitro), each agent	
85610	Prothrombin time;	
85612	Russell viper venom time (includes venom); undiluted	
85613	diluted	
85635	Reptilase test	
85651	Sedimentation rate, erythrocyte; non-automated	
85652	automated	
85670	Thrombin time; plasma	
85705	Thromboplastin inhibition; tissue	
85730	Thromboplastin time, partial (PTT); plasma or whole blood	
85732	substitution, plasma fractions, each	
85810	Viscosity	



Immunologic tests for antigen or antibody should be reported using the most specific code available. For infectious agent antibody or antigen tests, see codes 86602 – 86793 and the cross-references located in that coding range. See Rules 6 and 10. For antigen identification in solid tissue, see 88342-88346 in Surgical Pathology.

CODE	DESCRIPTION
86003	Allergen specific IgE; quantitative or semiquantitative, crude allergen extract, each
86008	quantitative or semiquantitative, recombinant or purified component, each
86038	Antinuclear antibodies (ANA);
86039	titer
86060	Antistreptolysin 0; titer
86063	screen
86140	C-reactive protein;
86141	h <mark>igh sensit</mark> ivity (hsCRP)
86146	Beta 2 Glycoprotein 1 antibody, each
86147	Cardio <mark>lipi</mark> n (ph <mark>osph</mark> olipid) antibody, each Ig class
86148	Anti-ph <mark>o</mark> spha <mark>tidy</mark> lserine (phos <mark>ph</mark> olipid) antibody
86157	Cold agglutinin; titer
86160	Complement; antigen, each component
86161	functional activity, each component
86162	total hemolytic (CH50)
86215	Deoxyribonuclease, antibody
86225	Deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) antibody; native or double stranded
86235	Extractable nuclear antigen, antibody to, any method (eg, nRNP, SS-A, SS-B, Sm,
	RNP, Sc170, J01), each antibody
86255	Fluorescent noninfectious agent antibody; screen, each antibody, (not elsewhere
	specified) (see Rule 10)
86256	titer, each antibody (not elsewhere specifi <mark>ed</mark> ) (see Rule 10)
86294	Immunoassay for tumor antigen, qualitative or semiquantitative (eg, bladder tumor
	antigen) (see Rule 15)
86300	Immunoassay for tumor antigen, quantitative; CA 15-3 (27.29) (see Rule 15)
86301	CA 19-9 (see Rule 15)
86304	CA 125 (see Rule 15)
86305	Human epididymis protein 4 (HE4)
86308	Heterophile antibodies; screening
86309	titer
86316	Immunoassay for tumor antigen, other antigen, quantitative, (eg, CA 50, 72-4, 549),
	each (not elsewhere specified) (see Rule 15)
86318	Immunoassay for infectious agent antibody, qualitative or semiquantitative, single step
	method (not elsewhere specified) (eg, reagent strip)
86320	Immunoelectrophoresis; serum
86325	other fluids (eg, urine, cerebrospinal fluid) with concentration
86329	Immunodiffusion; not elsewhere specified

	Laboratory Procedure Codes
86334	Immunofixation electrophoresis; serum
86335	other fluids with concentration (eg, urine, CSF)
86336	Inhibin A
86337	Insulin antibodies
86340	Intrinsic factor antibodies
86341	Islet cell antibody (see Rule 19)
86355	B cells, total count (see Rule 18)
86357	Natural killer (NK) cells, total count (see Rule 18)
86359	T cells; total count
86360	absolute CD4 and CD8 count, including ratio
86361	absolute CD4 count (For T-cell immunophenotyping, see Rule 18)
86367	Stem cells (ie, CD34), total count (see Rule 18)
86376	Microsomal antibodies (eg, thyroid or liver-kidney), each
86382	Neutrali <mark>za</mark> tion test, viral
86403	Particle agglutination; screen, each antibody
86430	Rheumatoid factor; qualitative
86431	quanti <mark>tat</mark> ive
86480	Tuberculosis test, cell mediated immunity antigen response measurement; gamma
	interferon
86481	enumeration of gamma interferon-producing T-cells in cell suspension
86592	Syphilis test, non-treponemal antibody; qualitative (eg, VDRL, RPR, ART)
86593	quantitative (includes screen and titer)
	(For infectious agent antibody or antigen tests not listed by name, see Rule 10 A, B; for
	maximum reimbursable amounts for two or more infectious agent tests, see Rule 6C.)
86602	Antibody; actinomyces
86603	adenovirus
86606	Aspergillus
86609	bacterium, not elsewhere specified
86611	Bartonella
86612	Blastomyces
86615	Bordetella
86617	Borrelia burgdorferi (Lyme disease) confirmatory test (eg, Western Blot
	or immunoblot)
86618	Borrelia burgdorferi (Lyme disease)
86619	Borrelia (relapsing fever)
86622	Brucella
86625	Campylobacter
86631	Chlamydia
86632	Chlamydia, IgM
86635	Coccidioides
86638	Coxiella brunetii (Q fever)
86641	Cryptococcus
86644	cytomegalovirus (CMV)

	Laboratory Procedure Codes
86645	cytomegalovirus (CMV), IgM
86651	encephalitis, California (La Crosse)
86652	encephalitis, Eastern equine
86653	encephalitis, St. Louis
86654	encephalitis, Western equine
86658	enterovirus (eg, coxsackie, echo, polio)
86663	Epstein-Barr (EB) virus, early antigen (EA)
86664	Epstein-Barr (EB) virus, nuclear antigen (EBNA)
86665	Epstein-Barr (EB) virus, viral capsid (VCA)
86666	Ehrlichia
86668	Francisella tularensis
86671	fungus, n <mark>ot</mark> elsewhere specified
86674	Giardia lamblia
86677	Helicobacter pylori
86682	helminth, not elsewhere specified
86684	Hemophilus influenza
86687	HTLV-I
86689	HTLV or HIV antibody, confirmatory test (eg, Western Blot)
86692	hepatitis, delta agent
86696	herpes simplex, type 2
86698	histoplasma
86701	HIV-1
86702	HIV-2
86703	HIV-1 and HIV-2, single result
	(For maximum reimbursable amounts for hepatitis tests performed in combination, see
	Rule 6C)
86704	Hepatitis B core antibody (HBcAb), total
86705	IgM antibody
86706	Hepatitis B surface antibody (HBsAb)
86707	Hepatitis Be antibody (HBeAb)
86708	Hepatitis A antibody (HAAb)
86709	Hepatitis A antibody (HAAb), IgM antibody
86710	Antibody; influenza virus
86713	Legionella
86717	Leishmania
86720	Leptospira
86723	Listeria monocytogenes
86727	lymphocytic choriomeningitis
86735	mumps
86738	mycoplasma
86741	Neisseria meningitidis
86744	Nocardia
86747	parvovirus

86750	Plasmodium (malaria)
86753	protozoa, not elsewhere specified
86756	respiratory syncytial virus
86757	Rickettsia
86759	rotavirus
86762	rubella
86765	rubeola
86768	Salmonella
86771	Shigella
86777	Toxoplasma
86778	Toxopla <mark>sm</mark> a, IgM
86780	Treponema pallidum
86784	Trichinella
86787	v <mark>ar</mark> icella-zoster
86788	West Nile virus, IgM
86789	West Nile virus
86790	virus, <mark>no</mark> t elsewhere s <mark>pec</mark> ified
86793	Yersin <mark>ia</mark>
86794	Zika virus, amplified probe technique
86800	Thyroglobulin antibody
86803	Hepatitis C antibody;
86804	confirmatory test (eg, immunoblot)
86849	Unlisted immunology procedure

## TRANSFUSION MEDICINE

CODE	DESCRIPTION
86850	Antibody screen, RBC, each serum technique
86860	Antibody elution (RBC), each elution
86870	Antibody identification, RBC antibodies, each panel for each serum technique
86880	Antihuman globulin test (Coombs test); direct, each antiserum
86900	Blood typing; serologic; ABO
86901	Rh (D)
86905	RBC antigens, other than ABO or Rh (D), each
86940	Hemolysins and agglutinins; auto, screen, each
86941	incubated

# **MICROBIOLOGY**

<u>CODE</u> <u>DESCRIPTION</u>

07045	Consentration (any type) for infectious grants
87015	Concentration (any type), for infectious agents
87040	Culture, bacterial; blood, aerobic, with isolation and presumptive identification of isolates
07045	(includes anaerobic culture, if appropriate)
87045	stool, aerobic, with isolation and preliminary examination (eg, KIA, LIA),
07010	Salmonella and Shigella species
87046	stool, aerobic, additional pathogens, isolation and presumptive identification of
2222	isolates, each plate
87070	any other source except urine, blood or stool, aerobic, with isolation and
07077	presumptive identification of isolates
87075	any source, except blood, anaerobic with isolation and presumptive identification
07070	of isolates
87076	anaerobic isolate, additional methods required for definitive identification, each
07677	isolate
87077	aerobic isolate, additional methods required for definitive identification, each
07004	isolate
87081	Culture, presumptive, pathogenic organisms, screening only;
87086	Culture, bacterial; quantitative colony count, urine
87088	with isolation and presumptive identification of each isolate, urine
87101	Culture, fungi (mold or yeast) isolation, with presumptive identification of isolates; skin,
07400	hair, or nail
87102	other source (except blood)
87103	blood
87106	Culture, fungi, definitive identification, each organism; yeast
07407	(Use in addition to codes 87101, 87102, or 87103 when appropriate)
87107	mold
87109	Culture, mycoplasma, any source
87110	Culture, chlamydia, any source
87116	Culture, tubercle or other acid-fast bacilli (eg, TB, AFB, mycobacteria) any source, with
07440	isolation and presumptive identification of isolates
87118	Culture, mycobacterial, definitive identification, each isolate
87164	Dark field examination, any source (eg, penile, vaginal, oral, skin); includes specimen
07400	collection
87166	without collection
87169	Macroscopic examination; parasite
87172	Pinworm exam (eg, cellophane tape prep)
87177	Ova and parasites, direct smears, concentration and identification
87181	Susceptibility studies, antimicrobial agent; agar dilution method, per agent
0=454	(eg, antibiotic gradient strip)
87184	disk method, per plate (12 or fewer agents)
87185	enzyme detection (eg, beta lactamase), per enzyme
87186	microdilution or agar dilution (minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) or
0=400	breakpoint), each multi-antimicrobial, per plate
87188	macrobroth dilution method, each agent

	Laboratory Procedure Codes
87190	mycobacteria, proportion method, each agent
87205	Smear, primary source with interpretation; Gram or Giemsa stain for bacteria, fungi or
	cell types
87206	fluorescent and/or acid fast stain for bacteria, fungi, parasites, viruses or cell
	types
87207	special stain for inclusion bodies or parasites (eg, malaria, coccidia,
	microsporidia, trypanosomes, herpes viruses)
87209	complex special stain (eg, trichrome, iron hemotoxylin) for ova and parasites
87210	wet mount for infectious agents (eg, saline, India ink, KOH preps)
	(Does not include KOH on skin, hair or nails)
87230	Toxin or antitoxin assay, tissue culture (eg, Clostridium difficile toxin)
87250	Virus isolation; inoculation of embryonated eggs, or small animal, includes observation
	and dissection
87252	tissue culture inoculation, observation, and presumptive identification by
	cytopathic effect
87253	tissue culture, additional studies or definitive identification (eg, hemabsorption,
	neutra <mark>liz</mark> ation, immuno <mark>flu</mark> orescence stain), each isolate
87254	centrifuge enhanced (shell vial) technique, includes identification with
	immunofluorescence stain, each virus
87255	including identification by non-immunologic method, other than by cytopathic
	effect (eg, virus specific enzymatic activity)
87260	Infectious agent antigen detection by immunofluorescent technique; adenovirus
87265	Bordetella pertussis/parapertussis
87269	giardia
87270	Chlamydia trachomatis
87271	Cytomegalovirus, direct fluorescent antibody (DFA)
87272	cryptosporidium
87273	Herpes simplex virus type 2
87274	Herpes simplex virus type 1
87275	influenza B virus
87276	influenza A virus
87278	Legionella pneumophila
87279	Parainfluenza virus, each type
87280	respiratory syncytial virus
87281	Pneumocystis carinii
87290	Varicella zoster virus
87299	not otherwise specified, each organism (see Rule 10B)
87301	Infectious agent antigen detection by immunoassay technique, (eg, enzyme
	immunoassay [EIA], enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay [ELISA],
	immunochemiluminometric assay [IMCA]) qualitative or semiquantitative, multiple-step
	method; adenovirus enteric types 40/41
87305	Aspergillus
87320	Chlamydia trachomatis
	,

	Laboratory Procedure Codes
87324	Clostridium difficile toxin(s)
87327	Cryptococcus neoformans
87328	cryptosporidium
87329	giardia
87332	cytomegalovirus
87335	Escherichia coli 0157
87336	Entamoeba histolytica dispar group
87337	Entamoeba histolytica group
87338	Helicobacter pylori, stool
87340	hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg)
87341	hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) neutralization
87350	hepatitis Be antigen (HBeAg)
87380	h <mark>epatitis, d</mark> elta agent
87385	Histoplasma capsulatum
87389	Infectious agent antigen detection by enzyme immunoassay technique,
	qualitative or semiquantitative, multiple-step method; hiv-1 antigen(s), with hiv-1
	and hi <mark>v-2</mark> antibodies, s <mark>ing</mark> le result
87390	HIV-1 (eg, P24 antigen)
87420	respiratory syncytial virus
87425	rotavirus
87427	Shiga-like toxin
87430	Streptococcus, group A
87449	Infectious agent antigen detection by immunoassay technique, (eg, enzyme
	immunoassay [EIA], enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay [ELISA],
	immunochemiluminometric assay [IMCA], qualitative or semiquantitative; multiple-step
	method, not otherwise specified, each organism
87450	single step method, not otherwise specified, each organism
87476	Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); Borrelia burgdorferi,
	amplified probe technique
87480	Candida species, direct probe technique
87486	Chlamydia pneumoniae, amplified probe technique
87490	Chlamydia trachomatis, direct probe technique
87491	Chlamydia trachomatis, amplified probe technique
87495	cytomegalovirus, direct probe technique
87498	enterovirus, amplified probe technique, includes reverse transcription,
	when performed
87500	vancomycin resistance (eg, enterococcus species van A, van B), amplified probe
	technique
87501	influenza virus, includes reverse transcription, when performed, and amplified
	probe technique, each type or subtype
87502	influenza virus, for multiple types or sub-types, includes multiplex reverse
	transcription, when performed, and multiplex amplified probe technique, first 2
	types or sub-types
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	Laboratory Procedure Codes
87503	influenza virus, for multiple types or sub-types, includes multiplex reverse
	transcription, when performed, and multiplex amplified probe technique, each
	additional influenza virus type or sub-type beyond 2 (List separately in addition to
	code for primary procedure)
	(Use 87503 in conjunction with 87502)
87510	Gardnerella vaginalis, direct probe technique
87516	hepatitis B virus, amplified probe technique
87521	hepatitis C, amplified probe technique, includes reverse transcription when
	performed
87522	hepatitis C, quantification, includes reverse transcription when performed
87529	Herpes simplex virus, amplified probe technique
87535	HIV-1, amplified probe technique, includes reverse transcription when performed
87536	HIV-1, quantification, includes reverse transcription when performed
87623	Human Papillomavirus (HPV), low-risk types (eg, 6, 11, 42, 43, 44)
87624	Human Papillomavirus (HPV), high-risk type (eg, 16, 18, 31, 33, 35, 39, 45, 51,
	<b>52</b> , 56, <b>58</b> , 59, 68)
87625	Human Papillomavirus (HPV), types 16 and 18 only, includes type 45, if
	perfor <mark>me</mark> d
87551	Mycobacteria species, amplified probe technique
87556	Mycobacteria tuberculosis, amplified probe technique
87561	Mycobacteria avium-intracellulare, amplified probe technique
87581	Mycoplasma pneumoniae, amplified probe technique
87590	Neisseria gonorrhoeae, direct probe technique
87591	Neisseria gonorrhoeae, amplified probe technique
87631	Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (dna or rna); respiratory virus (eg,
	adenovirus, influenza virus, coronavirus, metapneumovirus, parainfluenza virus,
	respiratory syncytial virus, rhinovirus), includes multiplex reverse transcription,
	when performed, and multiplex amplified probe technique, multiple types or
	subtypes, 3-5 targets
87634	respiratory syncytial virus, amplified probe technique
87640	Staphylococcus aureus, amplified probe technique
87641	Staphylococcus aureus, methicillin resistant, amplified probe technique (includes
	staphylococcus aureus identification)
87650	Streptococcus, group A, direct probe technique
87653	Streptococcus, group B, amplified probe technique
87660	Trichomonas vaginalis, direct probe technique
87661	Trichomonas vaginalis, amplified probe technique
87797	Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA), not otherwise specified; direct
	probe technique, each organism
87798	amplified probe technique, each organism
87800	Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA), multiple organisms; direct
	probe(s) technique
87801	amplified probe(s) technique
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87803	Infectious agent antigen detection by immunoassay with direct optical
	observation; Clostridium difficile toxin A
87806	HIV-1 antigen(s), with HIV-1 and HIV-2 antibodies
87804	Influenza
87807	respiratory syncytial virus
87808	Trichomonas vaginalis
87809	adenovirus
87880	Infectious agent detection by immunoassay with direct optical observation;
	Streptococcus, group A
87899	not otherwise specified
87900	Infectious agent drug susceptibility phenotype prediction using regularly updated
	genotypic bioinformatics
87901	Infectious agent genotype analysis by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); HIV-1, reverse
	t <mark>ranscriptase and protease regions</mark>
87906	Infectious agent genotype analysis by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); HIV-1, other
	region (eg, integrase, fusion)
87902	Hepati <mark>tis</mark> C virus
87903	Infectious agent phenotype analysis by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); HIV 1, through 10
	drugs tested
87904	each additional drug tested (List separately in addition to primary procedure)

# **CYTOPATHOLOGY**

CODE	DESCRIPTION
88104	Cytopathology, fluids, washings or brushings, except cervical or vaginal; smears with
	interpretation
88106	simple filter method with interpretation
88108	Cytopathology, concentration technique, smears and interpretation (eg, Saccomanno technique)
88112	Cytopathology, selective cellular enhancement technique with interpretation (eg, liquid based slide preparation method), except cervical or vaginal (Do not report 88112 with 88108)
88120	Cytopathology, in situ hybridization (eg, FISH), urinary tract specimen with morphometric analysis, 3-5 molecular probes, each specimen; manual
88121	using computer-assisted technology
88141	Cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system); requiring interpretation by physician (List separately in addition to code for technical service)
88142	Cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid, automated thin layer preparation; manual screening under physician supervision
88143	with manual screening and rescreening under physician supervision
88147	Cytopathology smears, cervical or vaginal; screening by automated system under physician supervision

	Laboratory i rocedure codes
88148s	screening by automated system with manual re-screening under physician
	supervision
88150	Cytopathology, slides, cervical or vaginal; manual screening under physician
	supervision
88153	with manual screening and rescreening under physician supervision
88160	Cytopathology, smears, any other source (specify); screening and interpretation
88161	preparation, screening and interpretation
88162	extended study involving over 5 slides and/or multiple stains
88164	Cytopathology, slides, cervical or vaginal (the Bethesda System); manual screening
	under physician supervision
88165	with manual screening and rescreening under physician supervision
88173	Cytopathology, evaluation of fine needle aspirate; interpretation and report
88174	Cytopathology, cervical or vaginal (any reporting system), collected in preservative fluid,
	automated thin layer preparation; screening by automated system, under physician
	supervi <mark>sio</mark> n
88175	with screening by automated system and manual rescreening or review under
	physic <mark>ian</mark> supervision (See Rule 22 for instrumented PAP screening definitions)
88184	Flow cytometry, cell surface, cytoplasmic, or nuclear marker, technical component only;
	first marker
88185	each additional marker (List separately in addition to code for first marker)
88187	Flow cytometry, interpretation; 2 to 8 markers
88188	9 to 15 markers
88189	16 or more markers

## **CYTOGENETIC STUDIES**

Cytogenetic studies procedure codes 88245, 88267 and 88269 must be billed in combination with procedure code 88280 to report a 2-karyotype chromosome analysis as described in the quality control standards for cytogenetic licensure.

CODE	DESCRIPTION
88230	Tissue culture for non-neoplastic disorders; lymphocyte
88233	skin or other solid tissue biopsy
88235	amniotic fluid or chorionic villus cells
88237	Tissue culture for neoplastic disorders; bone marrow, blood cells
88239	solid tumor
88245	Chromosome analysis for breakage syndromes; baseline Sister Chromatid Exchange
	(SCE), 20-25 cells
88248	baseline breakage, score 50-100 cells, count 20 cells, 2 karyotypes (eg, for
	ataxia telangiectasia, Fanconi anemia, fragile X)
88249	score 100 cells, clastogen stress (eg, diepoxybutane, mitomycin C, ionizing
	radiation, UV radiation)

	•
88262	Chromosome analysis; count 15-20 cells, 2 karyotypes, with banding
88263	count 45 cells for mosaicism, 2 karyotypes, with banding
88267	Chromosome analysis, amniotic fluid or chorionic villus, count 15 cells, 1 karyotype, with
	banding
88269	Chromosome analysis, in situ for amniotic fluid cells, count cells from 6-12 colonies, 1
	karyotype, with banding
88271	Molecular cytogenetics; DNA probe, each (e.g. FISH)
88272	chromosomal in situ hybridization, analyze 3-5 cells (eg, for derivatives and
	markers)
88273	chromosomal in situ hybridization, analyze 10-30 cells (eg, for microdeletions)
88274	interphase in situ hybridization, analyze 25-99 cells
88275	interphase in situ hybridization, analyze 100-300 cells
88280	Chromosome analysis; additional karyotypes, each study (Use in addition to code
	88267, <mark>88</mark> 269)
88285	additional cells counted, each study (Use in addition to code 88269)
88291	Cytogenetics and molecular cytogenetics, interpretation and report

### SURGICAL PATHOLOGY

Surgical pathology procedure codes are reimbursable per specimen. A specimen is defined as tissue or tissues that is (are) submitted for individual and separate attention, requiring individual examination and pathologic diagnosis. Any unlisted specimen should be assigned to the code which most closely reflects the work involved when compared to other specimens assigned to that code.

Diverticulum - Esophagus/Small Intestine

Dupuytren's Contracture Tissue

Femoral Head, Other than Fracture

#### 88302 LEVEL II - Surgical pathology, gross and microscopic examination

Appendix, Incidental
Fallopian Tube, Sterilization
Fingers/Toes, Amputation, Traumatic
Foreskin, Newborn

Hernia Sac, Any Location Hydrocele Sac Nerve Skin, Plastic Repair Sympathetic Ganglion Testis, Castration Vaginal Mucosa, Incidental Vas Deferens, Sterilization

#### 88304 LEVEL III - Surgical pathology, gross and microscopic examination

Abortion, Induced
Abscess
Aneurysm - Arterial/Ventricular
Anus, Tag
Appendix, Other than Incidental
Artery, Atheromatous Plaque
Bartholin's Gland Cyst
Bone Fragment(s), Other than Pathologic Fracture
Bursa/Synovial Cyst
Carpal Tunnel Tissue
Cartilage, Shavings

Cholesteatoma
Colon, Colostomy Stoma
Conjunctiva - Biopsy/Pterygium
Cornea

Foreskin, Other than Newborn Gallbladder Ganglion Cyst Hematoma Hemorrhoids Hydatid of Morgagni Intervertebral Disc Joint, Loose Body Meniscus Mucocele, Salivary

Fissure/Fistula

Neuroma - Morton's/Traumatic
Pilonidal Cyst/Sinus
Polyps, Inflammatory - Nasal/Sinusoidal
Skin - Cyst/Tag/Debridement
Soft Tissue, Debridement
Soft Tissue, Lipoma
Spermatocele
Tendon/Tendon Sheath
Testicular Appendage
Thrombus or Embolus
Tonsil and/or Adenoids

Varicocele
Vas Deferens, Other than Sterilization
Vein, Varicosity

#### 88305 LEVEL IV - Surgical pathology, gross and microscopic examination

Abortion – Spontaneous/ Gingiva/Oral Mucosa, Biopsy Polyp, Colorectal

Missed Artery, Biopsy Bone Marrow, Biopsy Bone, Exostosis Brain/Meninges, Other than For Tumor Resection Breast, Biopsy, Not Requiring Microscopic Evaluation of Surgical Margins Breast, Reduction Mammoplasty

Bronchus, Biopsy Cell Block, Any Source

Cervix, Biopsy Colon, Biopsy Curettings/Biopsy Endometrium Curettings/Biopsy Esophagus, Biopsy Extremity, Amputation,

Fallopian Tube, Biopsy Fallopian Tube, Ectopic Pregnancy Femoral Head, Fracture Finger/Toes, Amputation, Non-traumatic

Duodenum, Biopsy Endocervix,

Traumatic

Heart Valve Joint, Resection Kidney, Biopsy Larynx, Biopsy Leiomyoma (s), Uterine

Myomectomy without Uterus Lip, Biopsy/Wedge Resection Lung, Transbronchial Biopsy Lymph Node, Biopsy

Muscle, Biopsy Nasal Mucosa, Biopsy Nasopharynx/Oropharynx, Biopsy

Nerve, Biopsy

Odontogenic/Dental Cyst Omentum, Biopsy

Ovary with or without Tube,

Non-neoplastic Ovary, Biopsy/ Wedge Resection Parathyroid Gland Peritoneum, Biopsy Pituitary Tumor Placenta, Other than Third Trimester Pleura/Pericardium-Biopsy/Tissue

Polyp, Cervical/Endometrial

Polyp, Stomach/Small Intestine Prostate, Needle Biopsy Prostate, TUR Salivary Gland, Biopsy Sinus, Paranasal Biopsy Skin, Other than Cyst/Tag/ Debridement/Plastic Repair Small Intestine, Biopsy Soft Tissue, Other than

Tumor/Mass/Lipoma/Debridement

Spleen Stomach, Biopsy Synovium

Testis, Other than Tumor/ Biopsy/Castration Thyroglossal Duct/Brachial

Cleft Cyst Tongue, Biopsy Tonsil, Biopsy Trachea, Biopsy Ureter, Biopsy Urethra, Biopsy

Urinary Bladder, Biopsy Uterus, with or without Tubes & Ovaries. for Prolapse Vagina, Biopsy Vulva/Labia, Biopsy

#### 88307 LEVEL V - Surgical pathology, gross and microscopic examination

Adrenal, Resection Bone - Biopsy/Curettings Bone Fragment(s), Pathologic Fracture Brain, Biopsy Brain/Meninges, **Tumor Resection** Breast, Excision of Lesion, Requiring Microscopic

**Evaluation of Surgical** Margins

Breast, Mastectomy -

Partial/Simple Cervix, Conization Colon, Segmental Resection, Other than for Tumor

Extremity, Amputation, Non-traumatic Eye, Enucleation

Kidney, Partial/Total Nephrectomy Larynx, Partial/Total Resection Liver, Biopsy -

Needle/Wedge Liver, Partial Resection Lung, Wedge Biopsy

Lymph Nodes, Regional Resection Mediastinum, Mass Myocardium, Biopsy Odontogenic Tumor Ovary with or without Tube, Neoplastic Pancreas, Biopsy Placenta, Third Trimester

Prostate, Except Radical Resection

Salivary Gland Sentinel Lymph Node Small Intestine, Resection, Other than for Tumor Soft Tissue Mass (except Lipoma) - Biopsy/Simple Excision

Stomach - Subtotal/Total Resection, Other than

for Tumor Testis, Biopsy Thymus, Tumor Thyroid, Total/Lobe Ureter, Resection Urinary Bladder, TUR

Uterus, with or without Tubes and

Ovaries, Other than Neoplastic/Prolapse

## 88309 LEVEL VI - Surgical pathology, gross and microscopic examination

Bone Resection Breast, Mastectomy - with Regional Lymph Nodes Colon, Segmental Resection

for Tumor

Colon, Total Resection Esophagus, Partial/ Total Resection Extremity, Disarticulation Fetus, with Dissection

Larynx, Partial/Total Resection - with Regional Lung - Total/Lobe/ Segment Resection Pancreas - Total/Subtotal

Resection

Prostate, Radical Resection Small Intestine,

Resection for Tumor Soft Tissue Tumor, Extensive Resection Stomach - Subtotal/Total Resection, Tumor Lymph Nodes

Testis, Tumor Tongue/Tonsil Resection for Tumor Urinary Bladder, Partial/ Total Resection Uterus, with or without Tubes & Ovaries, Neoplastic Vulva - Total/ Subtotal Resection

#### CODE DESCRIPTION

	Laboratory Procedure Codes
88312	Special stain including interpretation and report; Group I for microorganisms (eg, acid
	fast, methenamine silver) (Report one unit of 88312 for each special stain, on each
	surgical pathology block, cytologic specimen, or hematologic smear)
88313	Group II, all other (eg, iron, trichrome), except stain for microorganisms, stains
	for enzyme constituents, or immunocytochemistry and immunohistochemistry
	(Report one unit of 88313 for each special stain, on each surgical pathology
	block, cytologic specimen, or hematologic smear)
88319	Group III, for enzyme constituents (For each stain on each surgical pathology
	block, cytologic specimen, or hematologic smear, use one unit of 88319)
88342	Immunohistochemistry or immunocytochemistry, per specimen; initial single antibody
	stain procedure (For immunophenotyping, see Rule 18)
88341	Immunohistochemistry of immunocytochemistry, per specimen; each additional
•	single antibody stain procedure (List separately in addition to code for primary
	p <mark>ro</mark> cedure)
88344	each multiplex antibody stain procedure
88346	Immun <mark>ofl</mark> uorescence, per specimen; initial single antibody stain procedure
88350	each additional single antibody stain procedure (List separately in addition to
	code f <mark>or</mark> primary procedure.)
88356	Morphometric analysis; nerve
88360	Morphometric analysis, tumor immunohistochemistry (eg, Her-2/Neu, estrogen
	receptor/progesterone receptor), quantitative or semiquantitative, per specimen, each
	single antibody stain procedure; manual
88361	using computer assisted technology (computer generated) (Do not report 88360 or
	88361 with 88342 unless each procedure is for a different antibody) (When semi-thin
	plastic-embedded sections are performed in conjunction with morphometric analysis,
	only the morphometric analysis should be reported; if performed as an independent
	procedure, see codes 88302-88309 for surgical pathology)
OTHER I	PROCEDURES
0005	DESCRIPTION

## **OTHER PROCEDURES**

CODE	DESCRIPTION
89050	Cell count, miscellaneous body fluids (eg, cerebrospinal fluid, joint fluid), except blood;
89051	with differential count
89055	Leukocyte assessment, fecal, qualitative or semiquantitative
89060	Crystal identification by light microscopy with or without polarizing lens analysis, tissue
	or any body fluid (except urine)
89190	Nasal smear for eosinophils
89230	Sweat collection by iontophoresis (includes analysis)
89321	Semen analysis; sperm presence and motility of sperm, if performed
91065	Breath hydrogen or methane test (eg, for detection of lactase deficiency, fructose
	intolerance, bacterial overgrowth, or oro-cecal gastrointestinal transit)

G0480	Drug test(s), definitive, utilizing drug identification methods able to identify individual
	drugs and distinguish between structural isomers (See Rule 5B)
P9604	Travel allowance one way in connection with medically necessary laboratory specimen
	collection drawn from home bound or nursing home bound patient; prorated trip charge
	(Limited to home bound phlebotomy; see Rule 23)
S3840	DNA analysis for germline mutations of the RET proto-oncogene for susceptibility to
	multiple endocrine neoplasia type 2
S3842	Genetic testing for Von Hippel-Lindau disease
S3844	DNA analysis of the connexin 26 gene (GJB2) for susceptibility to congenital, profound
	deafness
S3846	Genetic testing for hemoglobin E beta-thalassemia
S3849	Genetic testing for Niemann-Pick disease
S3850	Genetic testing for sickle cell anemia
S3852	DNA analysis for APOE epilson 4 allele for susceptibility to Alzheimer's disease
S3853	Genetic testing for myotonic muscular dystrophy
S3861	Genetic testing, sodium channel, voltage-gated, type V, alpha subunit (SCN5A) and
	variants for s <mark>us</mark> pected Bruga <mark>da</mark> Syndrome
S3865	Comprehensive gene sequence analysis for hypertrophic cardiomyopathy
S3866	Genetic analysis for a specific gene mutation for hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM) in
	an individual with a known HCM mutation in the family